Morning Oregonian.

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The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $12 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months. ADVERTISING at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months in advance.

OFFICE—No. 5 Washington street, one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 629 Washington Street, San Francisco.

Business Cards.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,
(Successors to A. M. & L. M. Starr.)
Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Stoves, Tin-Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper Wire, Zinc, Tin and JAPANNED WARE,
Agents for TILTON & McFARLAND'S celebrated
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
Corner Front and Stark Streets,
nov13 PORTLAND, OREGON. ly

P. B. JOHNSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
WALLA WALLA, W. T.
Refers, by permission, to Hon. A. Holbrook, Portland, Messrs. McCraken, Merrill & Co., Portland, Messrs. Patterson, Wallace & Stow, Attorneys, San Francisco. ap21d1f

Oregon State Insane Asylum and COUNTY HOSPITAL.
DRS. HAWTHORNE & LORYEA,
PHYSICIANS & PROPRIETORS.
Office at Drs. Chapman and Watkins,
Corner of Front and Washington Streets,
ml PORTLAND. dtf

T. JOHNSTON,
GAS-FITTER AND PLUMBER,
No. 72 First Street,
(Opposite Dekum & Bickel's Store,)
mh29 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

E. D. KANE. F. W. KELLOGG.
KANE & KELLOGG,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OFFICE WITH BELLOC & CO.,
Corner of Stark and Second Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

GOODS FORWARDED DIRECT FROM PORTLAND to Umatilla, Boise City, Idaho City, South Boise, Owyhee and all parts of Blackfoot Mines.
We have a FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE at Umatilla City, where all Goods for the Upper Country are Re-Shipped. Mark Goods care of K. & K.

Refer to	
PORTLAND.	SAN FRANCISCO.
Allen & Lewis,	Weaver, Wooster & Co.
H. Failing,	Heald, Lord & Co.,
Knapp, Burrell & Co.,	Fargo & Co.,
Bissell & Co.	Russell & Erwin M. Co.

mch3 J. C. Bell, Salem dtf

HENRY MARTIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND
PRODUCE,
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
NUTS OF ALL KINDS,
SYRUPS, TOBACCO, PIPES, STATIONERY, CUTLERY,
Yankee Notions, &c.,
FIRE CRACKERS and all kinds of FIREWORKS, and South Sea Island COCOANUT SHELLS, always on hand.
Also, agents for Lambert's celebrated STRAWBERRY, FRUIT TREES and FRUITS.
Corner of Front and Washington Sts.,
Opposite Lincoln House, Portland, Oregon.
☞ Orders promptly filled. nov21tf

LUMBER YARD!
SUTRO & CO.
WHARF FOOT OF ADLER STREET,
Dealers in Fir, Cedar, Spruce and Redwood Lumber.
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL kinds of Lumber at the market rates. Scantling, Lumber constantly on hand. feb28tf

REAL ESTATE AGENCY AND COLLECTION OFFICE,
No. 110 Front St., (over D. W. Williams' Store),
PORTLAND, OREGON.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING ESTABLISHED their Office at the above place, will hereafter conduct a GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS. Will BUY, SELL and LEASE REAL ESTATE; MAKE COLLECTIONS, EXECUTE CONVEYANCES, LEASES, Articles of Agreement, &c., &c., and will attend generally to all business connected with a Real Estate Agency and Collection Office.
A liberal share of patronage is respectfully solicited.
ap18d1ptf KLINE & BRAYEN.

PORTLAND PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 110 First Street,
ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY MANUFACTURING FROM the best
Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
Copper, Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk
Marble Wash Bowls;
Cold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS;
SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH-BENCHES;
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS;
HYDRAULIC RAMS;
NON-FREEZING HYDRANTS;
WATER CLOSETS, &c., &c.
☞ Persons wishing to introduce Cold, or Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either Plain or Ornamental, would do well to give me a call.
Portland, April 3d, 1865. C. H. MYERS.

Notice to BREWERS & SALOON-KEEPERS.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
MALT, HOPS, IRISH MOSS,
BARLEY SHOVELS, BARREL BRUSHES,
BRASS AND WOOD FAUCETS,
And all other articles for Brewer's use. Also, any quantity of
WEINHARD'S LAGER BEER!
So Well and Favorably Known. All of which we are prepared to furnish at PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION
☞ Orders will be Promptly Filled.
WEINHARD & DELLINGER,
May 5d, 1866. City Brewery, Portland, Oregon.

READY-MADE CLOTHING!
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL OR MADE TO ORDER
IN LOTS TO SUIT, AT THE
CLOTHING FACTORY, OREGON CITY.
my20dtf C. M. KEATOR.

Notice
To the Creditors of B. M. DuRell & Co.
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THEY HAVE PAID me through their Agent at Umatilla for nearly one year's work on their Fast Freight Line in GREENBACKS AT PAR. jy31dlw* THOS. B. CURLEY.

EUREKA EXTRA PICK & AXE HANDLES.
For sale by E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.

Fire and Life Insurance.

THE NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
ESTABLISHED IN BOSTON IN 1843,
HAS REVIVED ITS AGENCY IN OREGON, AND
WILL INSURE LIVES
On the Most Reasonable Terms
IT IS ONE OF THE MOST PROSPEROUS and SECURE COMPANIES IN THE UNITED STATES,
AND
Pays All Losses Promptly.
CASH ASSETS.....$3,000,000.
LAST CASH DIVIDEND..... 750,000.
FORTY PER CENT. PAID TO ALL INSURED.

REFERENCES IN PORTLAND:
Messrs. W. S. Ladd, E. D. Shattuck. Messrs. C. H. Lewis, Thos. Frazar.
Rev. P. S. Caffrey,
In Oregon City, Forbes Barclay, M. D.
☞ Application to be made to
A. S. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Oregon and Washington.
R. B. WILSON, M. D., Medical Examiner.
Portland, June 9, 1866. je9dtf

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
CAPITAL, $750,000, GOLD COIN.
HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO COMPLY with the law of the State of Oregon, requiring a deposit of $50,000, invite parties desirous of insuring against loss or damage by fire, to patronize this HOME INSTITUTION.

DIRECTORS.
SAN FRANCISCO:

Louis McLane,	John Wightman,	James DeFremery,
W. C. Ralston,	G. W. Beaver,	J. G. Eyre,
D. O. Kittle,	Wm. Sharon,	J. B. Newton,
A. L. Tubbs,	Edwin Grant,	H. L. Dodge,
J. Mora Moss,	Alpheus Bull,	D. Stern,
S. C. Bigelow,	S. M. Wilson,	Herman Michels,
R. Sellgman,	D. J. Oliver,	Frederick Billings,
H. Carlton, Jr.,	Jabez Howes,	J. G. Kellogg,
T. B. Tiffenus,	Wm. Alvord,	A. G. Stiles,
L. E. Wanchley,	H. Honeycomb,	H. F. Teschemacher,
Wm. Sherman,	Ellis Lazard,	G. H. Howard,
L. Sachs,	A. B. Forbes,	Erwin Davis,
M. F. Jones,	Jonathan Hunt,	P. L. Weaver,
A. T. Lawton,	J. O. Earl,	E. L. Goldstein,
J. Whitney, Jr.,	S. J. Hensley,	W. A. Dana,
Edward Martin,	Lloyd Tevis,	F. W. Brooks.
Charles Mayne,		

PORTLAND, OREGON.
Capt. J. C. AINSWORTH, W. S. LADD (Ladd & Tilton.)
LADD & TILTON,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.
May 29, 1866.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL..... $250,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon, by making a deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.
CALVIN T. FAY, President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, Marine Director.
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No. 75 Front Street, Portland,
Portland, January 16, 1866. dtf

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
CAPITAL, (PAID UP IN FULL,)
$1,000,000!
INSURES BRICK, FRAME, AND OTHER BUILDings, Merchandise, Furniture, and other Insurable Property against Loss or Damage caused by Fire, on the most favorable terms.
Losses Promptly Paid in Gold Coin.
INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Aspasy Diehl, George W. Gibbs, Richard G. Swift, Jesse G. Bray, Josiah A. Donahoe, Hermann Bohlen.
President—WILLIAM PIERCE.
Vice-President—D. W. C. THOMPSON.
Secretary—W. W. WIGGINS.
Office, No. 408, Montgomery St. sel, Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco
my6d1p6m

WILSON & EVANS,
513 CLAY ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
Manufacturers and Importers OF RIFLES, SHOT GUNS AND GUN MATERIALS
Of Every Description.
ALSO IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH, French and American Fishing Tackle, which we offer both Wholesale and Retail at 20 PER CENT. BELOW ANY OTHER HOUSE on the Pacific Coast. Dixon's Steel Punches and Powder-Flasks. WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET CUTLERY in great variety. We are also the appointed agents for HENRY'S & SPENCER'S RIFLES and COLT'S and SMITH & WESSON'S PISTOLS, all of which we offer at the lowest possible price. Orders executed with dispatch. N. B.—Repairing in all its branches at moderate prices.
d3m1pmy25

Union Market
South-West Corner of Washington and Second Streets,
MANN, HILL & CO., Proprietors.
WILL ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND the Best of MEATS OF ALL VARIETIES, and other articles in their line WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
A liberal Share of Patronage is solicited, as we intend to keep as good an assortment and of as good quality as the country affords, and will deliver the same to purchasers in all parts of the city.
☞ Meat constantly on hand.
Portland, March 8th, 1865. dtf

CANTY & WAGNER,
(Successors to J. Wolfe,)
Wholesale and Retail
Confectioners,
113 *Montgomery Street, between Bush and Sutter,*
SAN FRANCISCO.
N. B.—All candies sold by us are warranted to be manufactured from Steward's double refined Sugar, and to be equal to any manufactured in the State. Country merchants solicited to examine our stock and prices. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.
jy2d1m1p

"OLD FOLKS' MUSIC."
CONTINENTAL HARMONY. A collection of Ancient Music suitable for Old Folks' Concerts, and Social Circles, including several Patriotic and Home Songs. $1 50.
ANDREW'S HARMONY REVIVED. A Selection of music as originally written by Billings, Belcher, Edson, Holden, Holyoke, Maxim, Ingalls, Goff, Kimball, Reed, Swan, Wood, West, and others. $1 25.
FATHER KEMP'S OLD FOLKS' CONCERT TUNES. 40 cents.
Sent by mail, post-paid. Oliver Ditson & Co., Publishers, 277 Washington St., Boston. jy16dtc

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

JOHN HAILEY & CO'S
PIONEER LINE OF
Concord Coaches!
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.
Summer Arrangements.
LEAVING UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 5 o'clock for Boise, via LaGrande, Union, Baker, Boise, Idaho, Centreville, Placerville, and Pioneer Cities, direct, connecting at Old Ferry with the
STEAMER SHOSHONE,
FOR OWYHEE, RUBY AND SILVER CITIES.
Superior inducements are offered to the travelling community who continue to patronize this line as we are now carrying
Passengers and Freight at Reduced Rates,
make better time than any other line, and our Night Stations are at the Best Hotels on the route.
Strict attention will be given to all FAST FREIGHT shipped to our care. Advance Charges paid at Umatilla and collected on delivery of the goods at their destination.
☞ San Francisco shipper will mark—
Care McMinnville, Messrs. J. P. Cook & Co., Portland, and Umatilla.
Shipping Receipts sent to our Agent at Umatilla Umatilla, June 18, 1866. U.
HAILEY & CO., Proprietors,
and JOS. PINKHAM, Agent.

A CARD.
Montana & Big Bend Stage Line.
OWING TO THE FAILURE OF PARTIES WHO had contracted to make the road from Spokan River to Pen d'Oreille Lake, to the Big Bend, Freight has been somewhat delayed and some wagons have gone 'round about way.
This difficulty is now obviated. THE ROADS ARE MADE DIRECT, and are NOW IN GOOD CONDITION
To Pen d'Oreille Lake and Colville.
☞ FREIGHTS SHIPPED TO THIS PLACE WILL BE FORWARDED WITHOUT DELAY, and at a LESS COST FROM PORTLAND THROUGH, than by any other route.
THE STEAMER MARY MOODY!
Is now making REGULAR TRIPS, and the trail from the upper end of Pen d'Oreille Lake is finished.
STEAMER FORTY-MINER!
Is also RUNNING REGULARLY TO BIG BEND.
Shippers are requested to inform themselves in reference to this route.
White Bluffs, June 16, 1866. je16d2w A. E. BOOTH.

FOR MONTANA!
Freight and Passage Reduced!
THE NEW STEAMER
MARY MOODY,
CAPT. ROBERT COPELAND, ... Master,
Will leave her Landing at
Vaines' Ferry on Pen d'Oreille Lake,
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),
FOR CABINET RAPIDS!
PASSAGE..... $3 00
ANIMALS..... 2 50
FREIGHT, (per ton weight)..... 10 00
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
Vaines' Ferry, June 20, 1866. dtf Z. F. MOODY, Agent.

EDWIN RUSSELL. GEORGE H. COE.
POWELL & COE,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS,
UMATILLA CITY, OGN.
PARTICULAR PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO receiving and forwarding goods to all parts of the Mines in Oregon and Washington and Idaho.
Goods carefully insured. Freights paid, Storage obtained, and all business transacted, with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.
Consignments of Goods solicited.
WE REFER BY PERMISSION TO
At San Francisco—Howard, Cooley & Co, Richards & McCrakens.
At Portland—Richards & McCraken, Goldsmith Bros.
At Victoria, V. I.—Goldstone & Bro, Gould, Dowtt & Co.
Mark Goods care of P & C, Umatilla.
aug31tf

FLANDERS & FELTON,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WALLULA, W. T.
PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories. Also to the Blackfoot Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us.
All business intrusted to us promptly attended to.
☞ Mark Goods care of F. & F., Wallula.

FLANDERS & FELTON
Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of
Groceries and Liquors.
feb21 dtf

LEWISTON & WARRENS' EXPRESS.
J. S. RAMSEY & CO., Proprietors,
(Successors to Dwight Bros.)
IN VIEW OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS, WE HAVE completed arrangements for the Regular Carrying of the Express from and to Lewiston and Warrens, via State Creek, John Day's Creek, (Salmon River), White Bird and Florence.
Connections made at Lewiston with Wells, Fargo & Co.
All business entrusted to our care will meet with prompt attention.
Lewiston, I. T. Feb. 27, 1866. d6m

TOBIN, DIXON & DAVISSON,
IMPORTERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
FANCY GOODS!
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING FROM EUROPEAN and Atlantic Markets a full assortment of Goods in our line, viz:
MILLINERY GOODS,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
WHITE GOODS,
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HAIR NETS, &c.,
HOSIERY,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
CLOAK AND DRESS TRIMMINGS,
FANCY GOODS,
SMALL WARES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
POCKET CUTLERY,
PERFUMERY,
STATIONERY, &c., &c.
The attention of buyers is requested to an examination of our Stock, and any orders entrusted to us will be carefully and promptly attended to.
TOBIN, DIXON & DAVISSON,
Corner Sacramento and Battery Streets,
ap20dawdm1p San Francisco, Cal. Iowa.

HARDWARE,
Direct from England,
AND THE BEST MANUFACTURERS OF THE Eastern States For sale by
H. W. CORBETT.

Notice to Tax-Payers.
THE DELINQUENT TAX LIST FOR SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 1, Multnomah County, Oregon, is now in my hands for collection. Those who have not paid their taxes had better call immediately and do so, and save costs.
E. M. PARRISH,
mch23dtf School Clerk.

Banking.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000!
HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES,
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and SAN FRANCISCO.
AGENCIES,
NEW YORK—Messrs. R. BELL and F. CUNDRY, (Agents for Bank of Montreal.)
IN CANADA:
BANK OF MONTREAL.
Branches and Agencies:

Montreal,	Kingston,	Whitby,	Stratford,
Toronto,	Coburg,	Peterboro,	Picton,
Quebec,	Belleville,	Otawa,	Port Hope,
Hamilton,	Brantford,	Guelph,	Rivers,
London,	Brockville,	Goderich,	St. Catherines

IN SCOTLAND—British Linen Company Bank.
IN IRELAND—Union Bank of Ireland.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars. INTEREST allowed on Credit balances over $1,000.
DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, bearing Interest, issued for money lodged for fixed periods.
BILLS Discounted and Collected; and BILES OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped to Portland.
GOLD BARS PURCHASED, received on Deposit, or Advances made upon them
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.
Portland February 1, 1866. ja10 dtf

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO.,
Corner of North Front and E Sts.,
One Block North of Couch's Wharf,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
MANUFACTURE
STEAM ENGINES, Boilers, SAW AND GRIST MILL, Quartz and Mining MACHINERY,
OF ALL KINDS,
Castings for Agricultural Machinery,
WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,
For Fire-Proof Buildings, at
SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT.
Blacksmithing and Repairing.
PATTERNS MADE TO ORDER BY PETER TAYLOR.
All orders for Work will be Promptly Attended to.
JOHN NATION,
February 3, 1866. dtf Superintendent

CITY BAKERY AND Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES, Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly forwarded.
☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS, Take Notice.
JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Gauges.
Also, the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ⅛ to 6 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS, T'S, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.
Constantly on hand, STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES, GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES, THROTTLE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GUAGE COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of
BRASS WORK FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.
☞ Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco.
C. H. MYERS,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
ap3d1tf No. 110, First Street, Portland.

BRRAR'S PATENT VALVELESS
STEAM PUMP!
THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED TO RECEIVE orders for
Brrar's Patent Valveless Steam Pump.
Having been appointed Agent by the Patentee for the sale of the right to use in Oregon and Washington Territory.
THE LITTLE GIANT PUMP!
Capable of throwing TEN BARRELS OF WATER PER MINUTE, can be seen at my Store.
Pumps can be supplied of larger or smaller capacity on short notice. C. H. MYERS,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
my30d1pf 110 First street, Portland.

NEW YORK BAKERY
F. C. HORNUNG & CO.,
9 North Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
KEEP ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF all kinds of GROCERIES and PROVISIONS of superior quality, at low rates.
Also, of their own manufacture, all kinds of CRACKERS, PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES and BREAD.
Also, a choice lot of, RUSSIAN CAVIAR, by the package to suit purchasers.
Also, a fine lot of OLD "OTARD BRANDY," by the gallon.
☞ Orders from the interior solicited and promptly attended to. my4d1pif

Agents Wanted to Sell HUTCHINSON'S WINE AND CIDER MILLS:
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST MADE, in every county in California and, Oregon. Best of reference required. Address LOCK BOX 500 P. O.
jy31d1pim San Francisco.

80 Tons
PURE LIVERPOOL SALT—COARSE AND FINE, for sale by H. PITTOCK,
Corner First and Morrison Streets,
and No 9, Front Street

Medical Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs,)
Residence—North Fourth street,
se10 Between Band C. dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL,
HOMEOPATHIST,
THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD AND EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square.
Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.
Portland, March 10, 1864. dtf

J. L. COOMBS, M. D.,
(Late of Corvallis,)
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c.,
OFFICE—Cree's Building, over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s.
ENTRANCE FROM STARK STREET,
CONTINUES TO TREAT EYE DISEASES OF EVERY NATURE.
May be found at the Consultation Rooms, day and night, unless absent on professional business.
Portland, Oct. 30, 1865. ly

DR. F. CRUBE,
(Late A. Surgeon and Breed Major, U. S. V., formerly Hospital Interne at the University of France,)
Main street, below Seventh,
ja16 PORTLAND, OREGON. d1ptf

DOCTOR J. S. GILTNER,
Cor. of Washington and Front Streets,
(Room No. 1 Carter's Block.)
GRADUATE OF PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE, Philadelphia; Assistant Ward Physician in the Pennsylvania Hospital two years; Blockley Almshouse one year; Surgeon in the Army during the late Rebellion; the last year's service as Surgeon in charge of a United States General Hospital.
Office Hours—8 to 10 A. M. and 4 to 6 P. M.
jy25d1ptf

Hotels and Restaurants.

LINCOLN HOUSE!
Corner Washington and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
The Largest and MOST POPULAR HOTEL In the State.
EXPRESS WAGONS WILL ATTEND ALL THE Boats and carry Passengers and Baggage to the House Free of Charge.
First and Best Bathing in the House.
All the Steamers for Oregon City, Vancouver, Monticello, and Astoria, land at the Lincoln House Wharf.
R. S. JEWETT, Proprietor.
Portland, June 23d, 1866. dtf

S. D. SMITH..... F. W. QUIMBY.
Western Hotel,
Corner of Morrison and First streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
SMITH & QUIMBY..... Proprietors.
THIS HOUSE HAS RECENTLY BEEN EXTENsively enlarged.
Rooms Hard-Finished and Newly Furnished.
A Baggage Wagon will be at the Steamers to bring Baggage to the House Free of Charge. mch23d2ptf

PATTON HOUSE,
Front St., two doors South of the old Court House,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
THIS HOUSE IS NEWLY STAKED & NUMBERED in the best style, and we are prepared to give satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.
Board and Lodging, per week.....$6 to $8 00
Board, per week..... 5 00
Single Meals..... 50
Lodging..... 25 to 50
W. N. PATTON, Proprietor.
ja18d1tf

New Columbian,
118, 120 and 122 Front St., cor. Morrison.
GOOD NEWS!
THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been elegantly finished, and being now ready for the reception of Guests, the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, at PRICES TO SUIT. The NEW COLUMBIAN is an entirely new house, hard finished, rooms well ventilated and well furnished, and has capacity to accommodate (with comfort to the guests) six hundred people.
The DINING ROOM is large and commodious; has Fine Suite of Rooms, with connecting doors for families. The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, permitting no house to excel it either in quality or variety.
A large fire-proof Safe for the deposit of valuables.—Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge. Housedoors all night.
Board, per week, $5; Board and Lodging, $7 to $10.
The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to please his guests, and respectfully and earnestly solicits the patronage of the citizens of Portland and the travelling public.
aug2dtf P. B. SINNOTT, Proprietor.

What Cheer House,
Front St., between Morrison and Yamhill
M. O'CONNER, Proprietor,
WOULD respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that having moved into his
NEW AND SPLENDID HOTEL,
He is now prepared to accommodate any number of persons with Board and Lodging.
Each Room is furnished with entirely NEW FURNITURE, Carpeting, and French Spring Mattresses.
The Table is furnished with EVERYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS.
The Proprietor would express himself thankful for the continued patronage of the people for years, he would solicit the further patronage of the public, assuring them that no expense or labor will be spared in making this house the most desirable and agreeable Hotel in Oregon.
Good Fire Proof Safe for keeping Treasure Valuables, &c. This House is OPEN AT ALL HOURS. my6
Baggage brought from Steamers FREE OF CHARGE.

Mansion House,
(Formerly What Cheer House,)
THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests, after being thoroughly renovated and newly furnished:

TERMS:	
Board and Lodging, per week.....	$6 00
Board without Lodging, per week.....	5 00
Board per day.....	1 00
Single Meals.....	50
Lodging.....	25 to 50

This House is conducted strictly on TEMPERANCE PRINCIPLES. FIRE-PROOF SAFE in office for valuables.
☞ Baggage taken to the house free of charge.
my10d1f E. CARNEY, Proprietor.

GLOBE HOTEL,
Corner of North Front and C Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Portland and the travelling community, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, in a manner and at prices to suit the times.
THE GLOBE is a NEW HOUSE, just finished; the rooms are large and well ventilated, and elegantly furnished with carpets, &c., &c. The table will always be supplied with the very best the market affords.
It will be the constant and earnest endeavor of the proprietor to so conduct the "GLOBE HOTEL" as to give entire satisfaction to his guests; he would therefore respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.
my3:1m PHILIP SCHADE,

City Hotel,
Front Street, Walla Walla, W. T.
THE CITY HOTEL HAVING JUST BEEN ELEgantly furnished, and being now ready for the reception of guests, the Proprietor would say to the Traveling Public that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call.
THE CITY HOTEL is an entirely New House, well furnished, Rooms well ventilated and well furnished. The Dining-Room is large commodious; has Fine Suite of Rooms with connecting doors for families. The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, permitting no House to excel it, either in quality or variety.
A large Fire-Proof Safe for the Deposit of Valuables.
Board and Lodging per week, from $11 to $14.
The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to please his guests, and would respectfully and earnestly solicit the patronage of the Traveling Public.
G. JOSEPH, Proprietor.

PACIFIC Hotel & Restaurant,
OLYMPIA, W. T.
THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN and Popular House, having been thoroughly repainted and newly Furnished, is prepared to entertain guests in Greater Comfort, and in a more accommodating manner than can be done by any other house in the place. Meals to be had at all hours.
Call and assure yourselves of the truth of the above.
May 1, 1866. MRS. REBECCA HOWARD.

The Late Indian Fight Near Owyhee.

A Ruby City letter dated July 20, gives the following interesting particulars of Capt. Jennings' late fight with the Indians near Owyhee:

The account of the surprise and fight, as narrated by Jennings and his little band, is well worth preserving. They had been out in the mountains and on the Indian hunt for some 30 days, and were about to descend into a canyon, near the head waters of the Owyhee—in fact, a few of the boys had nearly gained the bottom of the canyon—when Jennings espied an Indian on the opposite mountain, and simultaneously with his shouts to alarm, the crack of a hundred rifles, and the infernal war-whoop of the savages, rang upon their ears, and told, briefly but well, that the conflict would be one of life and death, and that nothing but cool and determined resistance would save a single man to tell another tale of horror. The boys were recalled from the canyon, and returned fire as they ascended the mountain. Rejoining their comrades, the Company were informed by Jennings that their animals and provisions were, under the circumstances, essential to their lives, and they must be retained at all hazards. A few of the men were sent in advance with the animals, and were instructed to construct rifle-pits for the fighting men to retreat to. Their duties could be speedily and continuously performed, as the country or mountain was covered with rocks suitable for the purpose.

The Indians, enraged at their failure to lead the party completely into their ambuscade, shouted, in *English*, after the men, and challenged them to the fight. They rushed down the mountain, crossed the canyon, and ascended to the charge, but were repulsed by a continuous volley from 25 of Henry's 16 shooting rifles. This repulse followed charge and charge followed repulse, for nine hours. On several occasions the alliance were required to rush back and assist to resist the mad and desperate efforts of the red devils to bag their game. The Indians would occupy the rifle-pits as fast as they were vacated. The unerring aim of the cool and experienced hand of Anglo-Saxons brought many a warrior down; but, as marvelous as it may seem, they did not lose a man until they had retreated a distance of three miles to a basin where they found water and entrenched for a siege. The Indians pursued them closely and hotly, and continued firing on them during the night, with the apparent object of creating a panic, and inducing an effort to escape.

On the following day, entrenchments were built and rifle-pits erected; the latter being constructed, individually, by the most experienced marksmen and determined men, who preferred to fight of their own hook and prevent the Indians from getting a foothold too near the main body of men. The Indians followed the example of the whites, and erected rifle-pits enough to encircle the little band. They then continued for two and a half days, during which time many deeds of daring were successfully accomplished. One I will narrate: Seven Indians had nailed themselves in with rocks at a very unhealthy and annoying distance from the entrenchments, and had succeeded in wounding a number of men. George Green was ordered to dislodge them. He selected a large stone, and going down upon his belly, he rolled it slowly ahead of him until he gained a favorable position; then, watching for desired opportunities, he sent the leaden messengers of death crashing through each Indian's brain, until the rifle-pit became a silent, though temporary sepulchre for the seven savages. Other gallant feats were performed worthy to be recorded, but which I have neither time nor opportunity to describe.

Jennings and his party fought for forty-eight hours without tasting food; the excitement, the boys say, was so great that they did not even think of eating, nor experience feelings of hunger. On the night of the 4th they partially rested, but more than 100 signal fires flashed on the surrounding hills, calling for reinforcements. Jennings knew a desperate hour was coming, and requested his men to exchange opportunities and get what little rest they could. Escape, he told them seemed impossible, and to attempt to retreat would be sure and sudden death; their only chance for escape was to hold their position until relief could reach them. Two brave boys, Pisket and ——, proposed to crawl past the Indians, and try to reach the settlements. The sequel tells how well they succeeded; but their sufferings and the dangers which they experienced can better be imagined than described.

From the beginning of the fight up to the time the Indians beat a hasty retreat, the Jennings party lost but one man; but almost every man was shot through the clothing, and many of them were wounded. They had 16 horses killed, and captured 45. Almost every stone in their rifle-pits bore bullet marks. A bold and reckless chief was shot, and his horse ran into the Jennings camp. Over 40 Indians were killed and many of them wounded.

Steam Communication with China—Report by the Senate Committee.

The Senate Committee on Postoffices and Postroads recently made, through Mr. Connass, the following report, accompanying a joint resolution authorising the Postmaster-General to modify the contract so as to leave out the requirements to make the Sandwich Islands point in the route of the steamship line:

The Committee on Postoffices and Postroads, to whom was referred Senate joint resolution No. 98, to amend an "Act to authorize the establishment of ocean mail steamship service between the United States and China," approved February 17, 1865; have had the same under consideration and beg leave to report as follows:

The distance from San Francisco to Kanagawa (Yokohama) in Japan, by the great circle, or shortest route, is 4,551 miles.

On this route, reaching as far north as the 47th parallel, westerly winds prevail, and are good and strong, the year round; and the greater part of the distance there are strong currents, namely, the Japan currents, resembling our Gulf stream, setting from the coast of Asia toward the northeast, and cold currents, setting toward and down the California coast.

This route is therefore the best from Japan to San Francisco.

The distance from San Francisco to Kanagawa by direct or rhumb line (a line drawn straight across the map) is 210 miles greater than the preceding, or 4,761 miles.

On this route lying wholly between the parallels of San Francisco and Kanagawa, (37 deg. 48 min. and 24 deg. 50 min.) easterly winds prevail, and there are no currents of moment. In the winter the polar limit of the easterly winds moves a little further south, with the sun, and at this season a slight deflection may be best, never southof the latitude of Kanagawa, and adding but 74 miles in all to the distance. This is therefore the shortest route from San Francisco to Jap

The Daily Oregonian.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1866

The Atlantic Cable

The preparations that have been making during the past year to establish telegraphic communication between Europe and America have awakened but little interest compared with that attending former efforts to accomplish the same great work Judging from the repeated failures that have occurred in former attempts to lay the great cable, many had been brought to believe that the undertaking never would be successful This time the attention of the world was not, as on former occasions, absorbed in the scheme, and this time success has crowned the patient efforts of those whose energies have so long been exerted to unite two continents by telegraph Almost before speculation had began upon the result of this year's operations, the work is complete Dispatches assure us that the cable is in perfect order, and that messages have been transmitted over it. Whether it will continue to work successfully, or whether after a time it will become dumb, as did the cable of 1858, are yet doubtful questions. But they will not long remain unanswered

Though "the books" assure us that the first cable worked for two full months and then became silent, there are many skeptical persons who doubt whether it ever worked at all But granting that it did work long enough to serve for the transmission of nearly 3,000 words, what reason has been assigned for its final failure which will not apply with equal force to the new cable, and render its failure also probable within a short time?

Many very able electricians who have given the subject profound study during the last few years, have come to the conclusion that no cable of so great a length will continue in successful operation long. In experimenting with the old cable the most powerful batteries were found necessary to make the signals perceptible It is argued that by charging the wires so powerfully with electricity, their molecular structure is broken up, or at least disturbed to such a degree as to finally destroy their conductivity. This has been assigned as a cause of the failure of the cable of 1858. They who hold this theory believe, of course, that all attempts to maintain permanent telegraphic communication across the Atlantic must eventually fail.

But the world hopes for a better result The interests of commerce and the necessities of an ever-expanding civilization call for the benefits that will follow this stupendous achievement of human science and energy Its principal influence will be felt "on 'change," and its chief use will be to preserve an equilibrium in the money markets of both continents. But if it should yet prove a failure, it will not be long until the Russian line will be completed so as to bring into telegraphic communication nearly all parts of the civilized globe.

End of the European War.

The war in Europe is at an end. Austria, the ruthless destroyer of other nationalities, lies prostrate at the feet of her conqueror The cup is returned to her own lips which in other days she compelled Italy and Hungary to drink. There are no longer five Great Powers in Europe.

The successes which have attended the Prussian arms in the conflict with Austria, have had no parallel since the achievements of that greatest of aspiring, the first Napoleon. The astonishing performances of Prussia by which Austria has just been humbled, have not been equaled since the power of Prussia herself was overthrown by the master of Europe, just sixty years ago In 1806 Prussia made war on France and in two weeks Napoleon had beaten her armies in the double battle of Jena and Auerstadt and was dictating peace at Berlin Hardly more than a month after the first hostile shot was fired in the campaign of 1866, the king of Prussia was in Vienna granting what terms he would to the Austrian Empire. The campaign which has just ended so triumphantly for Prussia is only surpassed in modern military history by that which in 1806 ended in her utter humiliation.

Now comes the work of "reconstructing the map of Europe" To the victors, Prussia and Italy, and to the crafty schemer Louis Napoleon, will fall the spoils of war. The Hapsburg dynasty will sink to the comparative insignificance of the petty German principalities, and henceforth there will be but four Great Powers in Europe, unless indeed, Italy is to be advanced by the division of the spoil, to the rank of a Great Power.

Port of Entry in Puget Sound District.—The Port of Entry in Puget Sound was changed some years ago from Port Townsend to Port Angeles. The change was effected through the instrumentality of the late Victor Smith, who was lost about a year ago on the occasion of the wreck of the steamer *Brother Jonathan* The matter of removing the Custom House back to Port Townsend has been brought to the attention of Congress, and the House of Representatives has passed a bill restoring it to its original location, from and after the first day of October next.

Composition of the Cable. The core of the Atlantic cable consists of seven copper wires (six laid around one), weighing 300 pounds per nautical mile, with an insulation of four layers of gutta percha Around this core are laid ten solid wires No. 13 gauge, drawn from the best iron and galvanized. Each of these ten wires is surrounded by five strands of white Manilla yarn. The weight of the cable complete is 3,100 pounds per mile.

General John A Logan made a magnificent speech at Cairo, Illinois, on the 28th of June, in which he pronounced in the strongest terms for the proposed amendment to the constitution and endorsed the late legislation of Congress for the protection of the blacks in the South. "My policy" is as odious to the soldiers of the Union as it is acceptable to traitors

Secretary Fessenden, in December, 1864, estimated the receipts for customs for the fiscal year ending last Saturday, at $70,000,000, where as they have actually exceeded $70,000,000 His total estimates of revenue were about $156,000,000 below the actual receipts.

The close of the war in Europe will probably cause a considerable rise in greenbacks within a few days It has been a full week since gold quotations have been received at San Francisco from New York.

The steam tug *Rabbons*, formerly of the Columbia river, was sold at auction, at San Francisco, on the 24th of July.

B. F Wade, it is said, will probably be Foster's successor as President of the Senate.

General Grant.—The Copperhead Johnson papers are beginning to open their batteries of vilification upon General Grant The Chicago *Times* leads off in the West, and the La Crosse *Democrat* follows suit in this style

Ah, but old dog of Galena, your teeth are gone; and as the age of miracles has passed away, you are not likely to grow a new set right away What an aspiration for a man by whose orders the torch swept the fair and beautiful Shenandoah! Nero, fiddling, dancing and reveling over the wreck of burning, did not ask another Rome to restrain his passions, but General Grant, who planned deeds, and caused, by his agents, horrors at which the civilized world stood aghast, is dissatisfied because the world did not last a year longer, that he might have freed the persuasive agencies of the torch, rope, pillage and murder upon portions of the South still unvisited

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

DATES TO JULY 26.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT NEWS!

THE ATLANTIC CABLE A SUCCESS

PEACE RESTORED IN EUROPE!

Prussia Dictates Terms to Austria!

FROM WASHINGTON!

Admission of the Tennessee Senators and Representatives.

More of the Imbroglio at Nashville.

NEW YORK, July 23—To Anson Stager The cable is successfully laid Have received a dispatch
(Signed) E M BRADFORD

First Dispatch.

HEART'S CONTENT, N F, July 28—We arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning, all well Thank God, the Cable has been laid and is in perfect working order
(Signed) CYRUS W FIELD

Second Dispatch.

HEART'S CONTENT July 28—We are in telegraphic communication with Ireland The Cable in perfect working order (Signed) CYRUS W FIELD

More Complications in Europe.

NEW YORK, July 23—The foreign papers contain the following additional news

The Moscow *Gazette* of July 13th, contains the following highly important announcement Russia does not desire any change in the present state of things If Austria and Prussia will consider themselves tools of France, Russia can no longer depend on them as her protectors, Venetia, without Rome would constitute no progress for Italy The subjugation of Austria to France is not advantageous to the European equilibrium There is a tendency of Prussia in Northern Germany narrows that of Russia in the Baltic. Russia wishes for peace, but does not sanction Prussia's efforts to attain supreme power England's interest may make her seek an alliance with France and Austria on the Eastern question, but the dictatorship of France in Italy and Germany cannot meet her support

A Lemberg dispatch of July 12th says the Russian soldiers on furlough have been called in, and every day military trains start from Warsaw to the frontier of Russia and Galicia

A Florence telegram of the 13th, says Prussia has informed Italy that an armistice on the basis of the cession of Venetia is inadmissible. Italy in reply announced its resolution to continue the war without reservation. A Florence paper publishes the conditions for an armistice stipulated by Prussia and Italy The former or power demands the expulsion of Austria from the Germanic confederation This journal adds this was admitted by France, who undertook to obtain from the Vienna cabinet the cession by Austria of Austrian provinces occupied by Prussia during the armistice. The conditions on the part of Italy were the cession of Venetia and the Italian portion of Lombardy direct from Austria to Italy, without compensation, and an agreement that Austria should not raise the Roman question during the negotiations for peace. It appears that these conditions have been found inadmissible at Vienna, and that Austria is resolved to try the fortunes of war Venice dispatches say that Austrian forces in Venetia are being withdrawn from before the Italian army, but the forces are strongly garrisoned for defense without the support of an army La Finance says the attack of the Italians upon Venice renders Prince Napoleon a mission futile, and it has been abandoned. France is actively arming The iron-clads are to be sent to Venice.

The Prussians occupied Prague on the 8th, with a garrison of 30,000 troops

Austria is making overtures to Hungary She announces that the conscription is suspended, and calls on Hungarians to volunteer.

Later Foreign News—Austria Ready to Peace Restored

FASTNET POINT, July 25.—The steamer *Hibernia* brings dates to noon of the 16th Nothing further had transpired about peace negotiations. It is understood in diplomatic circles at St. Petersburg that Russia will not abandon its neutrality or allow intervention

The Moscow *Gazette* has expressed sympathy with the Italian cause and says Italy must have Rome

The Prussian headquarters were at Prague with a second column at Iglau marching rapidly on Vienna. The Prussians overwhelmed the Federal army in a battle at Oschaffenburg in Bavaria, on the 14th, and were marching on Frankfort.

The Federal Diet had removed to Augsburg

Cotton opened at with a decided improvement in demand

General Cialdini has occupied Vincenza, cutting off the Austrian troops in Venetia from Austria, and he is dislodged.

The London *Times* believes the disorganization of the Austrian army by their repeated losses in Bohemia, will deter the Emperor from a final encounter so close to his capital, and trusts that before the Prussians shall be ready for the onset, the interview between the two monarchs will take place, which might better have been held the day after the disaster at Koeniggratz.

The *Times* of the 26th, says whatever forces the Austrian government may have succeeded in gathering around Vienna, it is still doubtful whether it will find itself equal to the task of withstanding the victorious Prussians, who according to all calculations should be at or before Vienna to-morrow or the day after If anything were needed to render the Austrian position hopeless, it was the tidings of the irreparable disaster at Shaffenburg, which must have reached Vienna on the 25th by a dispatch from the Vienna Municipality, enquiring on the Emperor's pleasure in regard to the defence of that city The Emperor at once removed the people from apprehension by announcing that Vienna should be treated as an open city, and had thus by would likely operations to the defence of the line of the Danube, which might favor a flank attack on Floberff Village 2 or 3 miles from the gates of Vienna, where the Austrians have an entrenched camp Should the Prussians however, resolve to attack Vienna, they would certainly attempt to cross the river at several places, and in case of success, the open city would unavoidably fall into their hands.

CHICAGO, July 29.—A full report has been received here of the successful laying of the Atlantic Telegraphic cable, with news dated London July 27th stating that a treaty of peace had been signed between Austria and Prussia, on the terms of the latter

Congressional

CHICAGO, July 25.—After the House yesterday, had referred the credentials of the Tennessee members to the Committee of Elections, Mr Davis called the Committee together and straightway reported the credentials all right. Messrs. Taylor Maynard and Stokes being present were immediately sworn in and were received with great applause by the good portion of our fellow citizens outside.

Senators Fowler and Patterson and the other Representatives, will probably be admitted to-day

Both Houses passed a great number of bills yesterday

The bill for the admission of Nebraska was passed in the Senate.

Nothing further is said about a pardon, and the fear of vetoes at too late a moment to act on them will probably induce Congress to complete all its business within a day or two, and then await the action of the President.

Congress adjourns Saturday noon.

Matters at Nashville.

CHICAGO, July 25.—The scenes at Nashville, form indecorous picture which will, however, be necessary from the grounds taken. It seems that Gov Brownlow's posse scoured the country for absent members of the Legislature and found only two, whom they forcibly dragged into the House to complete the quorum, namely, fifty-six members. A vote was then taken and these two refused to vote or to recognize themselves either as members of the House or in the House Speaker Trimble (conservative) then proceeded to certify that the amendment to the Constitution was ratified. A writ of habeas corpus was issued for these under arrest, and going there with a stronger force—a sheriff's posse than the House had, he discharged them and filled the House Sergeant-at-Arms The House then took action that itself, even without a quorum, was greater than any judicial power in the State, and that it had the power to arrest and imprison refractory members Brownlow's Chronicle Brownlow a vigorous and undaunted power secured the attendance of other members, more than making a quorum and the resolution was passed yesterday by 44 against 13, expelling six members for refractory conduct, and it also passed a resolution warning Judge Trotter to appear at the bar of the house on the 2d Monday of November to answer to an impeachment The two members were yesterday granted leave to record their votes on the Constitutional amendment, and if the speaker persists in his refusal to certify the fact of its passage he will be severely dealt with The question then arises whether Secretary Seward will accept Governor Brownlow's certificate as legal

Cholera in New York.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The cholera has somewhat abated Only 14 cases were reported yesterday in the city and 6 in Brooklyn. The mortality report for the week ending the 21st shows a total of 362 deaths of which 245 were from summer diseases.

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH.

Rejoicing at the Success of the Atlantic Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO July 30—Although as yet no public demonstration has taken place over the completion of the Atlantic Telegraph Cable, everybody congratulates his neighbor and a general jollification is almost inevitable The following dispatch was received this morning

HEART'S CONTENT, July 28, 1866—Hon Stephen J Field I arrived here this morning in perfect health The cable has been successfully laid across the Atlantic ocean. (Signed) CYRUS W FIELD

Dr Dewolf appeared in the police court this morning and stated that his female partner who wears the breeches, would not pay her fine and desired to go to jail

On the 28th of June, a new paper under the name of the *Evening Tribune*, made its appearance in San Francisco It was published daily, Sundays excepted, up to Saturday last, just one month all told The *Tribune* was commenced unquestionably with a view of being made the instrument of a clique It has failed with a brief month's existence

The Fire and Water Committee of the Board of Supervisors had a public trial this morning of the new engine which recently arrived from the east It worked perfectly and to the satisfaction of all parties interested The San Francisco No 1 as she is called, is one of the Hunneman Manufacture, and the largest on this coast She plays four streams of water weighs about 8000 pounds and is intended for work in the lower part of the city.

The case of Margaret Denny charged with attempting the murder of Mrs DeWolf wife of the late Capt DeWolf, of the *Brother Jonathan*, is under investigation to-day The testimony thus far has not elicited any new or interesting facts Both ladies are in court, and the room is crowded with spectators anxious to hear the minutest particulars of the affair.

Wm Dunne indicted as an accomplice with his brother, Charles F Dunne for the murder of W G Ross exercised the right of challenging the Grand Jury in the 12th District Court this morning The indictment was read to him when he pleaded not guilty His counsel then gave notice of his intention to move for a change of venue on the ground that the prejudice existing in this county against his client would preclude the possibility of his obtaining a fair and impartial trial

The Pacific Mail Steamship *Constitution* left her dock for Panama at 11 o'clock this morning with about one hundred passengers and over one million dollars in treasure

Judge Dwinelle to-day granted Alexis Ouhl a divorce from his wife, Maria H Ouhl

Judge Sawyer also granted Mary A Pillsbury a divorce from her husband, Jas Pillsbury on the ground of wilful desertion

Edward Gibson, a wine merchant, has filed his petition in insolvency

The sentence of J Walter Walsh of the *Sunday Leader* for libel, was confirmed in the County Court this morning until next Monday on motion for new trial

Markets.

Flour—Sales at $4 75@5,00 for 196 lbs superfine at 196 lbs $4 75@5 00 for extra $5,25 extra half aks $5 25@$5,50 for aks $5 50@5 75

Wheat—The Market is quiet The great bulk of the receipts go aboard ships loading for Liverpool having been bought to arrive sales at $1 55

The Atlantic Cable—Gold—Mining Stocks.

The successful laying of the Atlantic Cable and the important European dispatches received by it are the absorbing topics of conversation in business circles to-day

Latest mail dispatches from New York, are to the 21st inst. when it ruled the same as for three days previous by noted $160@160½

Sterling exchange was dull and nominal with no demand except for sight. United States bonds were going forward to Europe quite freely

Mining stocks show but little signs of activity Crown Point sold at the Board this morning at an advance of $35 00 from last cash sale on the 20th inst From the morning Board of Saturday, Yellow Jacket advanced $22,50 Savage, $4 00, and Confidence $1 00 On the other hand, Challenge Pulsifer declined $11,00, Belcher $5,00; Ophir and Overman, each $2,00

Arrived—July 28—Brig *T W Lucas* 9 days from Umatilla, lumber On the 29th Br bark *Alice Nelson*, 207 days from London, via Falmouth, 169 days Bark *Melora*, 19 days from Tokalet lumber Mexican brig *Bason*, 76 days from Liberian Sugar and Coffee.

Sailed—July 28—Brig *Orient*, Puget Sound bark *Huntsville*, Puget Sound

NEW TO-DAY.

TRINITY CHURCH.

THE PEWS in this Church will be let at 2 o'clock P M on Friday August 3d. Those desiring Pews will attend at that time

By order of the Vestry
Portland, July 30 1866 3t

WADDING & BATTING.

We have Appointed Messrs.

ROSENBAUM & FRIEDMANN,

No. 316 Sacramento street,

OUR SOLE AGENTS

FOR THE SALE OF OUR

Wadding and Batting

MANUFACTURED AT THE

PACIFIC EXCELSIOR MILLS

IN THIS CITY.

I. C. MAYER & SONS.

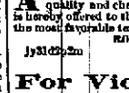
ABOVE WADDING AND BATTING, OF BETTER quality and cheaper than any other in the market, is hereby offered to the trade in suitable quantities, on the most favorable terms

ROSENBAUM & FRIEDMANN,
Sole Agents, 316 Sacramento St

jy31d2p2m

For Victoria Direct.

THE STEAMER



F. Conklin,

M C EDGING ... Commander,

Will leave Portland for Victoria on

Thursday, August 2d, at 4 o'clock P. M.

FREIGHT (PER TON) ... $ 5 00
CABIN PASSAGE ... 20 00
STEERAGE ... 10 00

For Freight or Passage, APPLY ON BOARD
jy31 3t

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed issued out of the Circuit Court of Clackamas County, State of Oregon, wherein A M Starr is plaintiff and J S Dickenson, Martha Dickenson and A Hamilton are defendants, amounting to ($2,584 16 100) twenty-five hundred and eighty-four and 16 100 dollars, and interest at the rate of 3 per cent per month from the 9th day of October, 1865, and the further sum of ($76) seventy six dollars, costs and accruing costs, &c., I have this day levied on all the defendants interests in and to the following described property, to wit Those certain pieces or parcels of land lying and being in the county of Multnomah, in the State of Oregon, the west half of the south-west quarter of section 33, and the east half of the south east quarter of section 32, in township 1 east and 1 south, containing 160 acres, together with all tenements and appurtenances thereunto belonging, known as a portion of the land claim of J S Dickenson, also, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, in block No. 250, and lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, in block No 253, in the city of Portland, in Multnomah county, Oregon, and will expose the same for sale in front of the Court House door, in Multnomah county, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 28th day of August, 1866, between the hours of 9 o'clock A M and 4 o'clock P M, and will sell so much of said property as will be sufficient to satisfy the above execution and costs

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff Multnomah Co, Ogn.

Portland, July 30, 1866 6d

Public Sale

Of Lots for Street Assessments.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of Warrants issued to me by order of the Common Council of the City of Portland, to collect the assessments due thereon for the improvement of First Street between Vine and Madison Streets, as declared by Ordinance No. 308 I have levied upon and on the 29th day of August, 1866 at the hour of 11 A M, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for U S. coin, at the Court House door in the city of Portland, Multnomah county State of Oregon, to make said assessments, costs and expenses of sale, each of the following described parcels of land situated in the city of Portland, county and state aforesaid, to-wit

NO OF BLOCK	NO OF LOT	TO WHOM ASSESSED	AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT
3	N ½ of 5	J & E Bergman	$222 00
3	6	Mary	237 00
10	3	L. Love	296 00
14	4	Est of Masters,	324 00
20	3	B. Stark	390 00
20	4	Est of D Ekwart,	413 00
29	1	G. F Robinson,	415 00
29	2	"	395 00
6	N ½ of 5	B. F. Starr,	207 00

HENRY L HOYT,
Marshal of the City of Portland.

Dated July 31st, 1866. 71aw

County Assessor's Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that on the last Monday in August to-wit, 27th, the Assessor will attend at the office of the County Clerk of Multnomah County, Oregon, for three days, and with the assistance of the County Clerk will publicly examine the assessment rolls and correct all errors in valuation, description or qualities of lands lots or other property All persons interested, or who know they have property liable to be taxed, in Multnomah County are requested to be present as no corrections or alterations will be made in the rolls after that date. JOHN DOLAN, Assessor
July 31st 1866. d2aw5w

Dissolution of Partnership

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between J H HARRETT and A W BEST in the Grocery business in the city of Portland is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The debts will be paid by A. W BEST who will receive all dues and who will continue the business J H HARRETT
July 23, A D 1866, d3t A W BEST

Wanted.

A WOMAN TO DO COOKING AND GENERAL housework in a private family WAGES $30 per month Apply at
July 30 1866 dtf NO 149 FRONT STREET

SPENCER HALL!

Milwaukie, Oregon.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL be resumed on Wednesday, September 5th MISS GRAY is absent during vacation to secure a suitable corps of assistants jy27d61w4t

CLOCKS! CLOCKS! CLOCKS!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE LOT

OF

SETH THOMAS CLOCKS!

WHICH WE WILL SELL TO THE TRADE, IN Original Cases, at AGENTS' RATES

jy27d1m2p GOLDSMITH BROS.

Sugars! Sugars!

NOW LANDING, EX BARK A A ELDRIDGE, FROM HONOLULU, S. I.,

WILL BE OFFERED TO THE TRADE at LOW RATES

jel2dtf ALLEN & LEWIS.

NEW TO-DAY.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA

EXPRESS & EXCHANGE COMPANY,

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER AUGUST 1ST, 1866, THE PIONEER STAGE CO.

WILL DISCONTINUE CARRYING FREIGHT WELLS FARGO & CO having made arrangements with them for the transportation of all Freight going over their route

Wells, Fargo & Co's

FAST FREIGHT LINE!

GREAT REDUCTION ON FREIGHT

TO IDAHO!

THROUGH IN SIX DAYS

TO BOISE CITY!

FROM AND AFTER AUGUST 1ST 1866, UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows

From Portland to Boise City	25 cents per pound
" Idaho City	30 " " "
" Ruby City	35 " " "
" Rocky Bar	40 " " "

Portland July 30, 1866
jy31d1f WELLS, FARGO & CO
[*Herald* copy]

MEACHER, TAAFFE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers of

DRY GOODS,

TWINES,

FURNISHING GOODS,

FANCY GOODS,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

ETC ETC, ETC

Agents for the

MOUNT VERNON DUCK COMPANY.

107 Battery St., near Pine.

Retail House, No. 9 Montgomery St.,

jy27d6p3m Lick House, San Francisco

Yankee Notions

AND

FANCY GOODS!

MERCHANTS WANTING GOODS IN THIS LINE should not fail to examine our stock which is NEW AND ATTRACTIVE, before buying elsewhere

All orders entrusted to our care shall be promptly and faithfully attended to

MEACHER, TAAFFE & CO.,
jy27 Battery St., near Pine, San Francisco.

CHARLES HOLMAN ... WM. S HARRIS

HOLMAN & HARRIS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS!

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

MINING TOOLS,

FLOUR, BACON,

BUTTER, LARD, &c., &c.,

UMATILLA, OREGON.

jy26dtf

FOR SALE!

I HAVE FOR SALE A QUANTITY OF

Albany Steam Mills Extra Flour!

ALSO

Other Brands of Flour.

Those wishing to purchase will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere

D. W. WILLIAMS, 110 Front St

July 19th, 1866 2w

E. MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

wines and Liquors!

NO. 48 FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

NOS 604 AND 606 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N B—Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired. jy27d1m

NOTICE.

SON & BRIGGS,

306 SACRAMENTO STREET,

Importers exclusively of

PIPES AND

SMOKERS'

ARTICLES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

DEVOTING OUR WHOLE ATTENTION TO THIS specialty we are enabled to present one of the most complete and varied stocks of Pipes and Smokers' Articles to be found on this coast. Also Dealers in the FINEST GRADES OF SMOKING TOBACCO, and Agents for all American Patent Pipes

All Articles Warranted as Represented.

SON & BRIGGS
jy4d1m2p No. 306 Sacramento Street, near Front.

FULL WEIGHT SOAP.

IN ADDITION TO SUPERIORITY OF QUALITY, LUCY & HYMES now guarantee the weight of all the Soap they manufacture, being the only Soap makers on the Pacific coast who have adopted the full weight manufacture

Consumers need not pay for twenty pounds of Soap and get but sixteen, as has been the case heretofore with Soap manufactured in this city

No extra price is charged, and quality equal to any previously bearing our name

LUCY & HYMES
jy9d2p3m 319 California St San Francisco.

SAW-MILL MACHINERY

For Sale.

ONE SET OF FIRST-CLASS IRONS FOR A CIRCULAR Saw Mill, new and complete, is offered for sale on reasonable terms by the undersigned. The machinery is now on store at McCraken Merrill & Co's boxed ready for shipment to any point Bills of the machinery may be seen at the Store of McLeran Bros., second street between Salmon and Main streets H L McLERAN
Portland May 30, 1866 d2ptr

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID for all kinds of

FUR SKINS!

At BUTLER'S PIONEER HAT STORE
June 25th 1866. d3m2p

GEO. H. POWERS, M D,

LATE OPHTHALMIC SURGEON TO Boston Dispensary and assistant to Dr H W Williams in Ophthalmic Department of New City Hospital Boston has taken rooms at 625 Calif rnia street San Francisco and will give exclusive attention to treatment of Diseases of the Eye

Office Hours—10½ to 12, and from 2 to 4 P M

Dr Powers refers by permission to Rev A L Stone D D, Jas P Rankin Esq, L D Brinkley Esq jel2m3p

Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FOR SAN [redacted]

THE STEAMERS

NEW WORLD,

CASCADE,

OR

WILSON G. HUNT,

CAPT JOHN WOLFE Commander

Will leave PORTLAND, daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A M for the CASCADES, connecting with the Steamers

ONEONTA OR IDAHO,

CAPT JOHN McNULTY Commander,

FOR DALLES—THROUGH IN ONE DAY

THE STEAMERS

YAKIMA,

WASCO-FOOT,

TENINO,

OWYHEE,

NEZ PERCES CHIEF,

STRAY, and

OKANAGON,

Captains H F COE, C FELTON J H GRAY, and THOS SCUMP,

Will run during the Season from CELILO to UMATILLA, WALLULA, WHITE BLUFFS, PALOUSE and LEWISTON

One of the above named Boats will leave CELILO for UMATILLA and WALULA, on

TUESDAY THURSDAY and SATURDAY of each week

Boats will be dispatched for WHITE BLUFFS, PALOUSE and LEWISTON as often as the necessity of the trade will demand.

THE STEAMER

SHOSHONE,

CAPT J MYRICK Commander,

Will run from OLDS FERRY on Snake River to BOISE CITY OWYHEE and SOUTH BOISE LANDINGS connecting with

THOMAS & CO.'S STAGES,

And B M DORELL & CO'S FAST FREIGHT LINES

Portland March 1 1866

J C AINSWORTH,
President O S N Co

dtf

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NOTICE.

For Astoria and Monticello!!

U. S. MAIL!

THE U S. MAIL STEAMER

SNOW ... Master,

JOHN H. COUCH,

Will leave Portland for

ASTORIA AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS

ON

Monday and Friday of Each Week,

at 6 o'clock A M

RETURNING—Will leave Astoria on TUESDAY and SATURDAY at 6 A M.

The Steamer RESCUE,

STRANG ... Master,

Will leave Portland for

MONTICELLO & INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS,

WITH U. S. MAIL,

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

At 7 o'clock A M

RETURNING—Will leave Monticello on every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 7 A M

Portland July 9 1866 J. C AINSWORTH Pres't
jy10dtf

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NOTICE.

For White Bluffs!

THE STEAMER

YAKIMA,

COE ... Master,

WILL LEAVE CELILO EVERY SATURDAY

FOR WHITE BLUFFS.

PRICE OF FREIGHT, $40 per ton from Portland

For Lewiston!

THE STEAMER

OWYHEE,

FELTON ... Master,

will leave

WALLULA for Lewiston

EVERY WEDNESDAY.

Portland April 19th, 1866.
dtf J C AINSWORTH, Pres't

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NOTICE.

FREIGHT ON FLOUR REDUCED.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 23D OF APRIL, till further notice, Freight on Flour will be as follows

From Portland to Umatilla	$20 00	per ton
" " " Wallula	22 50	" "
" " " White Bluffs	30 00	" "
" " " Lewiston	40 00	" "

Portland, April 21, 1866.
ap23dtf J C AINSWORTH, Pres't

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

Notice.

THE STEAMER

SENATOR

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND DAILY AT 6 A M,

(Sundays excepted),

For Oregon City,

Connecting with the Steamers

ENTERPRISE OR ECHO,

On MONDAY and THURSDAY of each week,

FOR SALEM, ALBANY & CORVALLIS.

ALSO, WITH THE

Steamer Union,

ON MONDAYS WEDNESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS,

For DAYTON and intermediate points

Salem, July 24th 1866. A A McCULLY,
dtf Pres't People's Trans Co

STEAMER RANGER!

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND FOR SOMTIGELLO and all way Landings on

Mondays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A M

The Boat will go through the Willamette Slough every other week commencing with the week July 30th

Apply on board at Vaughn a Wharf

jy23d3m J N FISHER, Master

TOBACCO. CIGARS.

WEIL & CO.,

No. 226 Front Street, San Francisco,

SOLE IMPORTERS

OF THE FOLLOWING BRANDS OF 1/4 POUNDS Superior to any in the Market

PEACH OFFERING;
FRUIT BASKET;
PEARL OFFERING;
GOLDEN CHARM;
IMPERIAL;
CAMELIA

Besides LIGHT PRESSED NATURAL LEAF,

Of every description Also by every Steamer, invoices of

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS,

In Bond or Duty Paid

WEIL & CO.,
ap20d1y2p 226 Front Street San Francisco

Lost.

CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT No 2,602 for $1 760 dated April 1st 1865, issued by Wells Fargo & Co Portland and payable to Lewis Smith The public are hereby notified not to purchase the same as payment has been stopped

July 21st 1866 d1m2p LEWIS SMITH

Auction and Commission.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTIONEER,

No. 96 Front Street,

AUCTION SALES—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, OF

Real Estate, Stock, Furniture, Horses, and General Merchandise.

SPECIAL SALES attended to in any part of the City LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on CONSIGNMENTS A General Assortment of MERCHANDISE on hand at PRIVATE SALE AT AUCTION PRICES

REGULAR SALE

THIS DAY,

Tuesday, July 31 st,

at 10 o clock A M

NEW AND SECOND-HAND

FURNITURE!

GROCERIES, &c,

Consisting of

Parlor, Dining, Bed-Room and Kitchen

FURNITURE.

Splendid Marble-Top Bed-Room Sett of 10 pieces,

MATTRASSES SPRING AND HAIR;
WARDROBES, EXTENSION TABLES,
BABY CHAIRS, SOFAS, LOUNGES,
PARLOR SETS, CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS, STOVES,
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE.

ALSO,

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,

A Large Stock of

GROCERIES AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

THE NORTH BRITISH

AND

Mercantile Insurance Company!

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

Established ... 1809.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
Accumulated and Invested Funds, March 6, 1866	$11,522,500
Annual Income	2,627,200
Deposit under California State Law	75,000
Deposit under the State Law of Oregon	50,000

INSURANCES EFFECTED AT THE LOWEST RATES on Buildings of both Brick and Wood throughout the State, whether occupied as Stores, Dwellings, or Warehouses together with their contents.

Also, Vessels in port, with or without their Cargoes.

Also, Quartz Mills and Machinery

Also, Saw Mills and Machinery

LOSSES PAID IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN immediately adjustment

McCRACKEN, MERRITT & CO., Agents,
jy27dawtf Portland, Oregon

C. HOPKINS,

(Successor to G W VAUGHN,)

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Foreign & Domestic

HARDWARE!

IRON, STEEL, ANVILS, BELLOWS,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

ROPE, TAR, PITCH, OAKUM, OARS,

&c., &c., &c.

ALSO, JUST RECEIVED A LARGE, FULL AND complete Invoice of

REAPERS, MOWERS & THRESHERS.

Among the most approved Machines and best adapted to wants of the Oregon Farmer are the KIRBY & BALL'S COMBINED MOWERS and REAPERS—KIRBY, HATT & WOOD'S MOWERS—ELLIS, WHEELER'S and MARSHALL'S THRESHERS and SEPARATORS A full assortment of these and other Machinery constantly on hand, and for sale at prices greatly reduced below the prices ever before offered in Oregon.

NO. 116 FRONT STREET,

Portland, Oregon

jy6d2pt

INCORPORATED ... JAN. 18TH, 1866.

OREGON

IRON WORKS,

Corner Morrison and Seventh Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON

THIS COMPANY HAVE LATELY ENLARGED their Works, and by the introduction of the most improved Machinery and Tools, are fully able to compete with any Iron Works on this coast, both in the character of work, and their facilities for executing contracts and orders promptly for any kind of Machinery required, embracing—

MARINE, STATIONARY AND PORTABLE ENGINES AND BOILERS

BALANCES of any required weight.

WHEELER & RANDALL'S FOUNTAIN and MOORE'S GRINDERS and AMALGAMATORS,

Hydraulic or DOWNINGTON'S, SHOES and DIES;

FLOURING and SAW-MILL WORK,

PORTABLE STEAM SAW MILLS,

LEFFEL & MYER'S AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Shafting and Pulleys, Iron Fronts, Doors and Shutters, and all kinds of Machinery and Castings.

For the convenience of parties having Machinery of us we furnish at the lowest market prices, Battery Sheets, Copper Plates, Rubber and Rubber Facing

A. C. GIBBS, Pres't.
E. S MORGAN, Secretary my15dtf

R. G. SNEATH,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

25 Front Street,

(Opposite O S N Co's Wharf,)

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Goods by the Package

FOR CASH AT

San Francisco Prices and Freight.

Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired.
Portland, March 1 1866 dtf

Rope! Rope!

JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF ROPE, all sizes from bale to 6-inch

For sale at San Francisco Prices and Freight

R G SNEATH,
Wholesale Grocer,
25 Front Street, opposite O S N Co's Wharf
Portland, April 1 1866 dtf

R. HENDRIE,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FINE WINES!

BRANDIES AND LIQUORS,

51 Front Street,

m17 PORTLAND OREGON dtf

Notice

TO CONSUMERS OF SANSEVAIN'S

NATIVE WINE BITTERS.

WHEN YOU ASK FOR SANSEVAIN'S WINE BITTERS see that you get it, as inferior kinds are often substituted

For sale by the principal Wine Merchants throughout the State. Depot at MERCADO & SEULLY Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers, Nos 506 and 508 Jackson street San Francisco my18d1m3p

ASSAY OFFICE!

KING, MYRICK & CO.,

(Successors to E. W. Tracy & Co.)

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INT

Commission.

HARDSON,
ONEER
and Oak Streets.

N SALES
OCERIES, GENERAL
AND HORSES.

nday and Saturday.

HARDSON, Auctioneer.

ate Sale.
BAR and BUNDLE IRON;
OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
28, RASPS, SAWS;
SHEET IRON, R. G. IRON.
ALSO:
of GROCERIES & LIQUORS.
RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

EREMPTORY SALE
OF
Furniture,
rchandise &c.,
AUCTION SALES-ROOM ON
AUG. 1ST, 1865,
lock A. M.

ATUS:
TARTAR;
LSO:
WINE;
ENIA WINE;
LSO:
ACKEREL;
SH;
LSO:
N MATCHES;
do
LSO:
nm,
oom and
Kitchen Furniture.
HARDSON, Auctioneer.

tory Sale
OF
ESTEAD PROPERTY
AUCTION SALES-ROOM ON
EPT. 1ST, 1866,
'clock A. M.

ered Five in Block num-
at the NE. corner of First and
runing northerly twenty-five
y-two and-a-half feet; thence
; thence westerly sixty-two
beginning; together with
LLEY 26x50.
LSO:
HOMESTEAD!
in Block Seven, 25x62½ feet,
ther with
RY HOUSE,
all Hard-Finished, Wardrobed
ALSO:
ve in Block Seven, thirty-seven
x 50 feet in depth, to-
RY HOUSE,
W. Fox and Water on prem-
ms Cash.
M'ARTHUR, Auctioneer.

TION!
ervening
AND GUTTA PERCHA
[illegible]
INDIA RUBBER COMB CO.,
York, January 2, 1866.
ICK PATENTS OF NELSON
ranted, May 6, 1865, for seven
of Patents.
United States Circuit Court, rem-
ases have been fully sustained,
ersons infringers have been put
Circuit in the United States
ought. In every case costs and
ded. Over two hundred injunc-
ed by the United States
ions of this Company to protect
with the utmost rigor of the law
manufacturers or dealers, large or
in the sole privilege of manufac-
Gutta Percha Combs, and again
ing against purchasing
ing the copyrighted label and

the Year's Patent,
8, 1851.
ombs are illegal, and their sale
ringement of this Company
ers, and the parties selling
ity or ignorantly they are—
Those before can avoid
y only of
ers, and
ed and above. The most
ple will show whether they

the Rubber Comb Company and
ers are hereby requested to inform
s of parties who sell infringing
ered in those bringing infringers

C. HARRISON, President.
Attorneys for the India Rubber
Gutta Percha Comb Co., Barron's
Street, Merchant and Montgom-
San Francisco. jy20d1wcod&p

AMERICA
NCE COMPANY
W YORK.

Liberal Company
ASSETS, FORTY-FIVE (45) PER
to be PAID OVER EIGHTY

ERS INTENDING TO TRAVEL
GLOBE WITHOUT EXTRA
DEN ANTWERP OR THE
the Rhine, WITHOUT EX

FOR OFFICES OF VESSELS,
&c., &c.
Insurance against Accl!
ATON & CO.,
of the Pacific Branch,
and Pine Sts., San Francisco.
D. ARNEWETHY,
Agent for Portland.
for Oregon City;
Agent for Corvallis,
Agent for Eugene City.
my9

SOAP CO.'S
POWDER
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER
for WASHING and CLEANING
ld, and contains nothing that
c. Equally as good for using
Soap over required to be used
ould make *Three Gallons*
is put up in wrappers of 1 D.
ch, with directions.
nufactured at
mercial St., San Francisco.
Also Manufactures all kinds of
SOAPS, equal to Eastern Stan
my8d3m&p

RANGINGS
AND
y Shade
HOUSE!

ION & SONS,
ttery and Pine Sts.,
ANCISCO. d3m&p

OR MISERY!
E QUESTION!
OF THE "PACIFIC MU-
ORY AND SCIENCE!"
e of expense, to issue FREE
humanity) four of their most
Lectures on Marriage and its
Debility, Premature Decline of
kness or Depression, Loss of
s Great Social Evil, and those
Youthful Follies, Excesses of
hysiology and Nature's Laws.
ave been the means of enlighten-
and will be forwarded FREE
stage stamps, by addressing
of Anatomy and Science, at
ency St., San Francisco."
Wells, Fargo & Co.
jy2p

The Daily Oregonian.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates.....71@71½
New York Gold Quotations.....136@136½

QUARTZ MATTERS.—Notwithstanding the great number and value of quartz ledges discovered in eastern Oregon, Idaho, and the regions of Montana drawing supplies through this city, there has never yet been sufficient returns to satisfy the parties who have made investments in some of the most prominent of those ledges, simply in consequence of the hand to mouth movement which had hitherto existed. Of several leading companies which at one time seemed the most promising, we may refer to the Victor, and the New York and Idaho, of South Boise. The Superintendent of the former is now in the city, and confined to the absence of boats to a large amount, if we are correctly informed, and the mill property of the latter is, under an order of the courts of Idaho, advertised to be sold, on the 4th of August, to satisfy a judgement of the creditors. We know great deal but little with reference to the transactions of the Victor company, but as regards the New York and Idaho Company, we are pretty thoroughly posted, having for many years been familiar with the Superintendent, Dr. S. B. Farnham, whom we have ever regarded as a gentleman of the most persevering steam, and unbounded integrity. That the mill property which he is the Superintendent has failed to meet their own, and the expectations of the public, is not the fault of Dr. F. He was among the first to take steps for the development of the resources of Boise county, and that he would have been able to accomplish all that he undertook is, to our view very certain, had he met with proper treatment. Upon [illegible] made to Dr. Farnham by the Company, there are many persons to be found in South Boise who stood by it through all its darkest trials, and furnished money and food for the workmen, until the mill should be ready to crush rock. That the Superintendent done all that a man could do, to further the interests of the company, the creations at Rocky Bar will testify, hence, that the operations failed is no fault of his, but that they would have been successful had means been provided to carry on the works, is undisputed. The claims against this company are not far from $30,000, and the property is worth probably $25,000 or $30,000. The mill is said to be the best in the upper country of twenty stamps capacity, with ten stamps and all the appointments ready for operation in an hour's time. Whatever may be said regarding the affairs of other companies which have become embarrassed and incapacitated from doing business, it cannot be urged that the mines are valueless, and we trust that before the present season terminates the facts will be substantiated before the world, and people will learn to regard eastern Oregon and Idaho as the wealthiest mining district on the Pacific coast. Litigation has been a prolific source of trouble to all new mining countries, and we of this region have had our full share. The difficulties in the way of developing the richest mine in the world, that known as the Poorman ledge of Owyhee, have been properly adjusted, and bullion will soon reach us from there in astonishingly large quantities. New projects are being undertaken, and more care is being exercised than was used at the beginning of the developments in those sections, which is an encouraging sign of the times. While rash speculations are less general, and swindling operations will not in future be so frequent, so that whatever is done may be deemed reliable and effective. Dr. Farnham having had nothing detracted from his good name, in consequence of the failure of his company, comes home to us from New York as Superintendent of another large company, composed of men of wealth, and will continue to operate at South Boise, proving his devotion to the district, and his abilities to develop the valuable ledges under his control. We shall watch with interest the progress now making in the right direction, and feel gratified to record a different state of things at an early day, as we shall without doubt be able to do.

WORK FOR SOMEBODY.—For nearly a year past there has been continually something to produce inconvenience and damage to the public about the brown three story building of P. Raleigh Esq., at the corner of First and Stark streets, and it is high time that some measures should be taken to insure a speedy remedy of the last remaining evil. It is astonishing that Mr. Raleigh should so allow the public to be annoyed from month to month, by the trouble and vexation of leaving open the offensive, not to say noxious places about his building. The lewd and lawless customs of the past have been removed, and it is now certainly proper that the sidewalk be repaired. If we are not mistaken the Street Commissioner was instructed long ago to give his attention to this matter, but as nothing has been done we are at a loss to understand whose business it is. It is an intolerable nuisance, and we shall refer to the subject again

THE FIDELITER.—An advertisement in another column, announces that the steamer *Fidelitor*, Capt. Ewbank, will leave this port for Victoria on Thursday at 5 o'clock P. M. The encouragement that has thus far been given to her owners, and those interested in keeping her in this trade, has not been very satisfactory, but sufficient inducements are expected, and it is hoped that shippers will show it to their interest to properly appreciate the efforts of the owners by awarding to them an increasing patronage. When we are without a steamer plying to Victoria, we are very apt to feel the need of such assistance, and now that every facility is offered by the *Fidelitor* that could be asked for, it is to be hoped that her owners lost money in trying to accommodate us, and were obliged to haul her off. Between the times of her departure let all who can, contribute something by way of shipments to sustain the enterprise.

NEW EMPLOYMENT FOR DEMOCRATS.—The people of Victoria have a dredger, and the Colonist says it has been suggested that instead of taking the [illegible] to a fresh water stream merely for the purpose of putting a raid upon the harmless and other innocent marine accumulations on her bottom, she might be taken up Fraser river and dredge the bottom of the bed. It is well known that the bed of the river is full of the precious metal in many places, and the Government might, for aught they know, bring up nuggets as large as the claims that were dredged up at the harbor's mouth two years ago. Victorians, and indeed the people of the Coast generally, are fond of strikes, and who can tell but that dredging, digging for gold in the bed of Fraser river, may not be as thick as flies around a meat shop in a few years!

THE ORMSBY IRON COMPANY.—The works [illegible] at Oswego by the Oswego Iron Company, are credited with the [illegible] satisfaction in all [illegible]. We clip the following from the British Colonist of Victoria: "Mr. [illegible] of Oswego, has [illegible] with specimens of Oswego Iron ore from Oswego, a town situated on the Willamette river, six miles south of Portland. Oswego is destined to become the center of a great iron producing district. The ore abounds in the locality in great quantity, and a company, with a capital of $500,000, have already organized a [illegible] furnaces, and will soon be in successful operation."

THE VANCOUVER MINER.—From a gentleman who has just returned from the mines near Vancouver, we learn that the prospects of the district are very encouraging. The [illegible] which is running on the Kalama ledge is keeping constantly at work, and results are, privately known. The Rising Star ledge has a shaft to the depth of twenty-nine feet, and rock is now being taken out, a quantity of which is to be sent to San Francisco for test. The Columbia Co. have sunk a shaft some ten feet upon their ledge, and our informants is of the opinion that the rock of this mine is of better quality than any other in the district. All parties engaged are sanguine of success.

SMASHED BUCKBOARD.—A team of [illegible] attached to a lumber wagon were frightened on First street yesterday afternoon and dashed frantically away down town. When last seen by our reporter they were "neck and neck," if anything the "off" one an inch or two ahead, skinning the street in the direction of Couch's Addition, with about half of the vehicle behind them. They were soon lost in the dust and [illegible] of front sight.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER FORT-NISQUALLY.—We are informed that the steamer FORT-NISQ., Capt. Lau. White, met with an accident on the 16th inst., at Little Belize, where a floating tree got under the hull and fouled the rudder. The steamer was opposing a strong current at the time, and had a full head of steam on, when a sudden shear, the captain, to which the line was made fast, was torn out. The damage was but slight, and the steamer was taken to her landing for repairs immediately.

ARRIVAL OF THE FIDELITER.—The steamship *Fidelitor*, Capt. Ewbank, arrived from Victoria at noon yesterday, having left that port on Saturday last at 3 o'clock P. M. She entered the Columbia river bar on the 20th at 6:30 P. M. Arrived at Astoria at 2:15, and sailed for Portland at 9:30, the same evening, reaching the wharf in this city at 11:30 the next day. A very pleasant voyage was experienced.

FIREMEN'S PARADE.—The time is nearly approaching when the Portland Fire Department will appear on their annual parade. We observe the advance movement for preparations, in a call of Chief Engineer Young, in another column, for a meeting of the board of Foremen to be held at the house of Vigilance Hook & Ladder Co. No. 1, this evening.

LUMBER.—The cargo of the steamship *Fidelitor*, which arrived from Victoria yesterday is consigned to the following parties, and consists of articles as specified: H L Pittock, 12 tallies paper; Underhill & Co, 451 bars iron; E J Northrup, 195 bars iron and 1 chain cable; M Monroe, 20 packages furniture; No. Mark, 20 casks oil; Starnes & Co, 1 case merchandise.

PASSENGERS.—The following passengers arrived from Victoria by the steamship *Fidelitor* yesterday: Mrs Monroe & child, Mrs Shutts, Dr Huggins, Wm Kobl, A Campbell, W F Crate, E Wilson, Wm Mosher, J Evans, E Nicholas, Wm Lewis, G Marshall, R Gavitch, R Mix, J Bullen, Caleb Warner, and nine Chinamen.

QUICK TIME.—We are informed that Gen. Hallock and Staff arrived at Marysville on Saturday last, five days from Portland, overland. This may be considered a pretty quick trip, but it is the time being made at present by the coaches of the Oregon Stage Company.

CHURCH PEWS.—The pews of Trinity church will be let on Friday next, at 2 o'clock P. M. Those desirous of obtaining them are referred to a notice published by order of the rector this morning.

AUCTION SALE.—The sale of groceries, merchandise, furniture, &c., by auctioneer Kilbourn to-day will afford the trade opportunities seldom obtained in this market.

THE CARIBOO MINES

In Absence.

BY PHŒBE CAREY.

Watch her kindly, stars—
From the sweet protecting skies
Follow her with tender eyes;
Look so lovingly that she
Can not choose but think of me;
Watch her kindly, stars!

Soothe her sweetly, night—
On her eyes, o'erwearied, prest
Thirtieed lids with light carress;
Let that shadowy hand of thine
Ever in her dreams seem mine;
Soothe her sweetly, night!

Wake her gently, morn—
Let the notes of early birds
Seem like love's melodious words;
Every pleasant sound, my dear!
When she stirs from sleep, should hear;
Wake her gently, morn!

Kiss her softly, winds—
Softly, that she may not miss
Any sweet, accustomed bliss
On her lips, her eyes, her face,
Till I come to take your place,
Kiss and kiss her, winds!

The Indiana Campaign.

EXTRACT FROM THE SPEECH OF GOV. MORTON.

The campaign in Indiana opened with an enthusiastic mass meeting at Indianapolis, Tuesday night, June 20th—the great feature of which was a speech by Governor Morton. We clip the following:

The leaders who are now managing the Democratic party in this State are the men who, at the regular session of the Legislature in 1861, declared that if an army went from Indiana to assist in putting down the then approaching rebellion it must first pass over their dead bodies. They are the men who, in the Democratic Convention on the 8th of January, 1862, gave aid and comfort to the rebellion, by resolving that the South had been provoked and driven into the contest by the unconstitutional and wicked aggressions of the people of the North. They are the men who, in speeches and resolutions, proclaimed that "Southern defeats gave them no joy and Northern disasters no sorrow." They are the men who exerted their influence to prevent their Democratic friends from going into the army, and who, by their incessant, venomous slanders against the Government, checked the spirit of volunteering and made drafting a necessity. And when the draft had thus been forced upon the country, their wretched subordinates, inspired by their devilish teachings, endeavored, in many places, by force of arms and the murder of enrolling officers, to prevent its execution. They are the men who corresponded with the rebel leaders in the South, giving them full information of our condition, and assuring them that a revolution in public opinion was at hand and that they had but to persevere a few months longer and the National Government would fall to pieces of its own weight. They are the men who, in the Legislature of 1863, attempted to overturn the State Government and establish a legislative revolution by seizing the military power of the State, and transferring it into the hands of four State officers, three of whom were members of the treasonable society known as the "Sons of Liberty." They are the men who, having failed to overturn the State Government by seizing the military power, determined to defeat its operations and bring about anarchy, by locking up the public treasure, and thus withholding the money necessary to carry on the Government. They are the men who, for the purpose of private speculation and to discredit the State before the world, conspired to prevent the payment of the interest on the public debt by withholding, through a fraudulent lawsuit, the money received from taxes paid for that very purpose. This lawsuit was fraudulently smuggled through the Circuit Court and lodged in the Supreme Court before the minutes of the case had been read and signed by the Circuit Judge, or he had been made acquainted with its character, and was hastily decided by the Supreme Court against the credit of the State. They are the men who introduced and organized in this State that dangerous and wide-spread conspiracy known as the "Knights of the Golden Circle," and afterwards as the "Sons of Liberty," which had for its purpose the overthrow of the State and National Governments. Not all of them, it is true, belonged formerly to this infamous order, but such as stood on the outside had knowledge of its existence, purpose and plans, and carefully concealed their knowledge and stood ready to accept its work.

To accomplish the hellish work of this conspiracy, military officers were appointed; military organizations created, arms and ammunition purchased in immense quantities and smuggled into the State, correspondence opened with the rebel commanders, and military combinations agreed upon, rebel officers and agents introduced into the Capital and concealed in hotels and boarding houses, and it was deliberately planned and agreed that upon a day fixed they would suddenly uprise and murder the Executive, seize the arsenal and its arms, ammunition, and releasing 9,000 rebel prisoners in Camp Morton, put arms in their hands, and with their combined forces effect a military and bloody revolution in the State. This dreadful scheme necessarily involved murder, conflagration, robbery and the commission of every crime which makes black the chronicles of civil war, and yet its authors and abettors, with the proof of their guilt piled mountain high, are again struggling for power, and asking the people to put into their guilty hands the government and prosperity of the State. Some of these men, who are high in favor and authority in their party, and are largely intrusted with its management, have heretofore occupied offices of great trust and responsibility, in which they proved to be recreant and corrupt. They are the men who, in the Legislature of Indiana, bitterly opposed and denounced every effort to confer the right of suffrage upon soldiers in the field who could not come home to vote. They are the men who wrote letters to soldiers in the army, urging them to desert, and assuring them of support and protection if they did. They are the men who labored with devilish zeal to destroy the ability of the Government to carry on war by depreciating its financial credit. They assured the people that "greenbacks" would die on their hands, and warned them solemnly against Government bonds, as a wicked device to rob them of their money. They are the men who refused to contribute to the Sanitary Commission for the relief of sick and wounded soldiers, upon the lying and hypocritical pretense that the contributions were consumed by the officers of the army. They are the men who excused themselves from contributing for the relief of soldiers' families at home by the infamous slander that they were living better than they had ever done, and by foul imputations on the charity of soldiers' wives. They are the men who declared in speeches, resolutions and by their votes in Congress, that not another man nor dollar should be voted to carry on a cruel war against their Southern brethren. They are the men who in the midst of the last great campaign of 1864, at the time when Sherman was fighting his way, step by step, from Chattanooga to Atlanta, and Grant was forcing Lee back into the defenses of Richmond in desperate and bloody battles from day to day; when the fate of the nation hung in the balance, and the world watched with breathless interest the gigantic struggle which was to settle the question of republican government, assembled in Convention in Chicago and resolved that the war was a failure; that our cause was unjust, and that we ought to lay down our arms and sue for peace. It was throwing a mountain in the Confederate scale to make the Union kick the beam. It was a bold and desperate interference in behalf of the rebellion at the very crisis of the fight. It was an insult to the loyal arms of the nation, as vast, malignant and deadly that no language can convey an adequate idea of its wickedness; and in future times the historian will record the fact with astonishment that the Government, at the most critical moment of its life, when a few hours, or a few days at furthest, must determine whether it should live or die, could permit a large body of its enemies to meet upon its soil in peace and security and publish a flagrant manifesto in behalf of the rebellion.

Now I do not mean to say that all the Democratic leaders have done all these things, but what I do say is this, that the men who have done these things are combined together and constitute the real leaders of the Democratic party. The few moderate men of the party have been stripped of all power and influence, and are carried along with it merely for numbers and policy, while the living and aggressive element which controls it are "Sons of Liberty" and those who acted in sympathy and concert with them.

They are the men who have perverted the word Democracy from its once honorable meaning, to be a shield and cover for rebellion, and for every crime that attaches to a causeless and atrocious civil war.

HE IS SAFE.—Considerable anxiety is felt among Democrats for the safety of General McClellan, as war is raging in Europe and he is traveling in that country. Never fear, the "roads" will always be "too wet" to allow him to get within two hundred miles of a battle field on that or any other continent.—*Exchange.*

"Trust Little Mac to change his base" in case of too near approaching danger.

Views of the Reconstructed Rebels.

SLAVERY CO-EXISTENT WITH CIVILIZATION.

[From the Mobile (Ala.) Tribune.

The Southern cause is lost—so irretrievably that there remains no Southern man insane enough to hope to see it resuscitated. We submit in good faith to the new order of things, surrendering to the power of the sword those dogmas to which we clung in former days. The conquerors have won that for which they fought—the power to construe the Constitution of the fathers in any way that suits them—may more, to give it up to the itching hands of their statesmen (so-called) to be hammered and tinkered on and amended till nothing of the old instrument be left but the name. The celebrated frigate Constitution is a good illustration of what the instrument promises to become. The present vessel contains only a small portion of the keel of the old one. But in her amended form she is a decided improvement, and in that respect the comparison no longer holds good. We are no longer interested in that instrument—it is dead—past the help of galvanism. We are conquered provinces simply, and the sooner we acknowledge the fact and act in accordance with it the better for us. The memories of the past, the tracks of great events in the sands of time, are the common property of mankind, which the conqueror can no more wrest from us than they can the air we breathe. When we speak of these things in the spirit of the historian, and not of the partisan, we opine that the most bitter among the conquering party will not accuse us of a disposition to break the oath we have taken to sustain the new order of things.

There has come to our hands a lecture entitled "The Great Lesson of the War," delivered by one Clinton Lloyd, Clerk of the House of Representatives, before the Union League of Washington (D. C.) We do not pretend to discuss the main object of this lesson, for in that the lecturer places himself above discussion by making assertions which nothing short of divine inspiration can authorize—that the word "negro" was the "open sesame" that controlled all the great events of the war—that victory or defeat attended the Federal arms in accordance with the respect or neglect which this word received in the Government councils. But in his rotary motion about this point the lecturer throws off more tangible matter, and it is of this that we propose to make a partial analysis.

He discusses two peculiarities attending the late "rebellion" "that makes it *sui generis*."

First—"Its authors have never been agreed among themselves as to the causes which produced it, and may never give to the world any statement of the grievances which induced them to attempt the overthrow of a Government which was as much their creation as ours."

Second—"The other peculiarity of the American rebellion is to be found in the fact that it is the first in human history against established government directly and professedly in favor of human slavery."

Now, it seems to us that the only interpose that can justly be drawn from the latter assertion is a refutation of the first. The Southern people, "revolting directly and professedly in favor of human slavery," were very well agreed among themselves "as to the cause which produced" the rebellion. And as Lloyd goes in a circle, reminding one of a dog chained to a post. The Southern States seceded for the protection of slavery, a fact which they have never denied. In filing so they made no "statement of grievances" to the world, any more than Prussia makes to-day for quarrelling with Austria—any more than their rival States at the North made when they sent their hordes to invade the South. The old monarchies of Europe, when they saw the tendency of the French revolutionists, took every precaution to save their social system from their baneful influence. Those old monarchies had some very objectionable features, but they were angels compared to revolutionary France. In the same way the South, in 1861, took the precaution of seceding to protect her social system from Northern revolutionists—men who prove by their conduct to-day that the destruction of slavery was only the first piece in their programme. Let it be granted, then, that the South seceded for the protection of slavery. What was the nature of this slavery, and what grounds had the South for supposing that it would be unconstitutionally interfered with?

Slavery is co-existent with civilization. There can be none of the latter without the former; and when we say this we mean realities and not names. The few only in all communities are enlightened; and they could not be so, were it not that the many are made, through fear of the scourge of starvation, to contribute to the leisure necessary to the attaining of such distinction. In England, with slaves delving in mines, toiling at looms, and waiting behind chairs, there came forth Shakspeares, Bacons, Newtons—true exponents of civilization. In the South, with slaves to fill the lower walks of life, there appeared Washingtons, Jeffersons, Poes. In Boston, where practical slavery is as yet only partially developed there have arisen very creditable plagiarists in Prescott, Longfellow, Holmes. In other parts of the North, where there are no whipping posts and but little starvation, there is almost a stagnation of intellect—no higher aim than to acquire mercantile and mechanical skill—and read *Harper's Weekly*.

This Southern slavery, then, differs from that which has long obtained in England and all other highly civilized countries only in this—that it was recognized by statute law, while that in England exists in accordance with the common law, both equally binding. We might show that our form of slavery was much milder, but that is not to the point. This is the institution; then, that we saw endangered. How? Here would be a good place for the history of the Abolition party. But we shall deal with it as the full grown monster. In 1861, the principles of this party had been fully enunciated by their majority in the lower house, by their orators in and out of Congress, by their party platforms, by the raid of John Brown. Said their orators: "The Constitution is a league with hell," etc. Said their party platform, "Eradicate from the Territories those twin relics of barbarism, slavery and polygamy." Said one of their great apostles, "There is an irrepressible conflict between slavery and freedom." In 1861, a party shouting such battle cries, elected their candidates and got possession of the Government; from that moment the latter perverted from its original intentions, ceased to be that of "our common creation." And here we have come back to our lecturer's assertion, and shown its fallacy.

The German Question in a Small Compass.

Two years ago Austria and Prussia entered into a thieving conspiracy to steal the Duchies of Schleswig and Holstein from Denmark. Prussia, as all her acts have since shown, wanted them for herself. They occupy an important position on the northern coast, and the possession of them would make Prussia a maritime power, which would assure her, what is the ambition of her present King and his more ambitious Minister, Bismarck, the supremacy in Germany. Austria entered into the conspiracy with the hope of after detaching the Duchies from Denmark, annexing them as independent German States to the Germanic Confederation. This would have added much to the popularity of Austria with the German States. The war was made upon Denmark, and England shamefully stood by and saw the jewels stolen from the crown of the father of her future monarch's wife. Having stolen the treasure, a difficulty arose immediately about the division of the spoils. Prussia claimed the Duchies for herself, proposing to indemnify Austria for her war expenses. Austria opposed this, and desired to submit the question of the Duchies to the decision of the Federal Diet. The secondary States support Austria, and Prussia, with her determination to become a maritime power, and with the dreams of a future grand German Empire, of which she shall be the head, arms and determines to enforce her claims. Austria's misfortune is Italy's opportunity, and Italy arms and prepares to attack her enemy in the rear, while Prussia does it in front. The secondary States are now undecided what to do, and Austria stands purely on the defensive. She professes to want nothing but peace and quiet, and is preparing with all her might to repel any attack which may be made upon her. She can raise an army of 900,000 men, one of the finest and most thoroughly drilled of any in the world. 400,000 men have already gone to the frontier of Saxony, and 200,000 men are stationed in Italy, where Austria has no doubt about the result of the campaign, if Italy is unaided by another power. Italy can raise 350,000 troops, but Austria, with her 200,000 veterans, occupying the fortresses of the Quadrilateral, and standing entirely on the defensive, reckons upon being able to prevent any advance of the Italian army.—*Vienna Letter to the Bulletin.*

LETTER FROM CONGRESSMAN BIDWELL.—A gentleman of San Francisco lately received a letter from John Bidwell, M. C., of which the following is an extract:

I have not time to write anything political, except to say that Congress will take no step backward. I feel proud to see that the people everywhere give us hope—they, too, stand firmly for the right. In fact, it seems to me, the people are more radical, if possible, than Congress is. We cannot afford to throw away the freedom earned by four years of horrid war and thousands of millions of treasure merely to please the Copperheads, the vanquished but never repentant rebels and Andrew Johnson.

Public Sale

OF LAND FOR DELINQUENT COUNTY TAXES FOR 1863

BY virtue of a warrant issued out of the County Court of the State of Oregon, in Multnomah county, on the 21st day of July, A. D. 1866, and to me directed, for the collection of delinquent taxes for the year 1863, I have this day levied upon the following described pieces and parcels of land, lying and being in said State and county, in the city of Portland, according to the plat thereof, and on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1866, I will expose the same at public vendue, and if the assessment and cost within fifteen (15) days from the date of this notice the Council will order a warrant for the collection of the same. Said assessment is as follows, to-wit:

Name.	Lot.	Block.	Tax.
Coffin, Stephen	3, 4, 5, and 6	131	$81 12
"	4 and S ½ 3	79	145 40
"	5	10	5 40
"	3, 4, N ½ 5 and 6	131	12 60
"	all	102	5 63
"	2, 3 and 4	130	2 70
"	all	126	9 91
"	5 and 6	102	2 70
"	4, 5, 6 and 7	198	3 61
"	1, 2, 7 and 8	199	3 60
"	7 and 8	181	3 60

And also those certain pieces or parcels of land, lying in said State and county, to-wit:

Coffin, Stephen, part of Sec. 4, T. 1 S., R. 1 W., 160 acres..... $288 00
Und. ½ Secs. 27 and 28, T. 1 S., R. 1 W., 80 acres..... 6 30

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah County, Oregon.

jy24td

Public Sale,

OF LAND FOR DELINQUENT COUNTY TAXES FOR 1865.

BY virtue of a warrant issued out of the County Court of the State of Oregon, in Multnomah county, on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1866, and to me directed, for the collection of delinquent taxes for the year 1865, I have this day levied on the following described pieces and parcels of land lying and being in said State and county, in the city of Portland, according to the plat thereof, and on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1866, I will expose the same, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay the taxes and costs due thereon, at public vendue, at the Court House door, in the city of Portland, in said State and county, to the highest bidders therefor, in U. S. gold coin, to-wit:

Name.	Lot.	Block.	Tax.
Agatin, I. A.	75 ft of n ¾ 4	19	$ 5 55
"	3	19	23 12

And also the following described pieces and parcels of land, lying in Multnomah county, State of Oregon, to-wit:

Grooms, David, W ½ sec. 29, T. 1 S., R. 1 E., 160 acres, $2 70.
Oregon T. F. & M. Co., T. 1, N. 1, E. 6 acres, $3 60.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff Multnomah Co., Oregon.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Multnomah, to me directed, in favor of A. M. & L. M. Starr, plaintiffs, and against Jos. Sloan, defendant, amounting to $613 50-100, interest and costs. I have, this 26th day of July, 1866, levied on, and on Saturday, the 25th day of August, 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., in front of the Court House door, in the city of Portland, in said State and County, will sell, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor, Joseph Sloan's interest of, in and to the following described pieces or parcels of land, (or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the above execution, interest and costs,) lying and being in said State and County, known and described as lots Nos. 12, 7 and 8, in Block No. 1, in Caruthers' addition to the city of Portland, according to the plat thereof.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah county, Oregon.
Portland, July 26, 1866. td.

Sheriff's Sale,

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court of Multnomah county, Oregon, wherein R. Hendrie is plaintiff and Mrs. Jane Swift is defendant, I have this day levied upon all of the defendant's interest in and to the following described real estate, situated in Multnomah county, Oregon, to-wit: Part of Sec. 20, Township 1 North, 2 East, containing 160 acres, more or less, and being a portion of the donation land claim belonging to Harry and Jane Swift, and being described on the plat as Notification No. 6165, and will proceed to sell the same to the highest bidder, in front of the new court house door in Multnomah county, on Saturday the 25th day of August, A. D. 1866, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 P. M., or so much thereof as will satisfy the, plaintiff's demand, amounting to the sum of one hundred and thirty-four 40-100 dollars ($134 40) together with interest, costs, etc.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff Multnomah Co., Oregon.
Portland, Feb. 25, 1866. td

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of an execution and foreclosure of mortgage to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court for Multnomah County, wherein William Meek is plaintiff and Dorance D. Dorman and J. P. Miller are defendants, commanding me to make sale of the property as described in the decree and foreclosure, I have this day levied on the following described real estate, *to-wit*: The fractional east half of the south-west quarter of Section 19, Township 1, South, Range 2 east; and the south-east quarter of the north-west quarter of Section 19, same Township and Range; and the fractional south-east quarter of Section 19, same Township and Range; also the fractional North half of the east quarter of Section 30, same Township and Range; also a small fraction on the East side of the West half of the south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of Section 19, same Township and Range, being same lands known and designated in notification certificate in the office of the Surveyor General of the Public Lands in Oregon, made by Henry Miller and his wife as their Land Claim under the laws of Congress; most of said lands lying and being in Multnomah county, State of Oregon; together with the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging; and will proceed to sell the same at Public Auction, in front of the new Court House door, in Multnomah county, State of Oregon, on Tuesday, the 21st day of August, A. D. 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., or so much thereof as will be necessary to satisfy the plaintiff's demand, amounting to ($2,350 40-100); two thousand; three hundred and fifty 40-100 dollars, and interest thereon from the 14th day of June, A. D. 1866, together with costs, &c.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah County.
Portland, July 23, 1866. if

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve that part of Ellison street, in said city, lying between the west line of First street and the center of Fifth street, by Grading and McAdamizing said street in manner similar to the McAdamizing done on Front street, and by constructing Side-Walks of two inch plank, with curbing four inches thick of suitable width, in similar manner to the side walks built on First street, and with crossings four feet wide of three inch plank. All notices of the proposed improvement of Salmon street, heretofore published are hereby revoked.

Published by order of the Common Council.

H. R. MEEKER,
Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland.
Portland, July 24th, 1866. dlit

Dog Licenses.

CITY MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
July 27th, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS owning dogs in the City of Portland, that the time to renew the Annual City License on such Dogs is on or before the 1st day of August, 1866.

All Dogs found running at large in the city after that date on which License has not been paid are liable to be killed, as provided by Ordinance No. 243.

jy28td H. J. HOYT, Marshal.

Notice

IS hereby given that in pursuance of the order of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Multnomah county, made on the 5th day of February, 1866, in the matter of the estate of Robert Thompson, deceased, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, in one parcel and subject to confirmation by said County Court, on Thursday, the twenty-third day of August, A. D. 1866, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., in front of the Court House door in the city of Portland, in said county and State, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said intestate at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired other than or in addition to that of said intestate at the time of his death, in and to all that lot, piece of parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the said city and county, and described as follows, to-wit: all of lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, in block No. 200 in the city of Portland, in said county of Multnomah, as known and described on the map and plats of said city of Portland. Terms cash at the time of sale.

WM. CREEK,
Adm'r of the estate of Robert Thompson, deceased.
j1 25d4w

U. S. Tax Collector's Notice.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF U. S. INT. REV., 1
FIRST DISTRICT, STATE OF OREGON.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANNUAL List of Taxes for 1866, assessed in pursuance of "An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, and amended by the Act of March 3d, 1865, has been returned to me by the Assessor of this District for collection, that the duties and taxes thereon have become due and payable and that the taxes for Multnomah county must be paid at my office, No. 106 Front street, in the City of Portland in said District, within ten days from the date hereof. The assessed list shall include the taxes on income and licenses, and if not paid within the prescribed time, collection will be made by distraint with addition of ten per cent. penalty and costs. Office hours, 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Dated, Portland, July 24, 1866.

M. CRAWFORD,
Collector District of Oregon.
d10t

ROPE,

OF ALL SIZES. For sale by

H. W. CORBETT.
Portland February 4th, 1865. d&w

City and County Notices.

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 328 for the improvement of Front and North Front street (as provided by ordinance No. 325), on each of the following described lots and parts of lots, lying and abutting on Front and North Front street between the north line of Pine street and the north line of "C" street, is due and payable to the City Treasurer in U. S. gold and silver coin, and if the assessment is not paid within fifteen (15) days from the date of this notice the Council will order a warrant for the collection of the same. Said assessment is as follows, to-wit:

DATE OF ENTRY.	No. OF BLOCK.	No. OF LOT.	OWNER TO WHOM ASSESSED.	AM'T OF ASSESS'T.
June 5—27		4	J. Kamm,	$300 00
"		5	"	150 00
"	S ½	3	H. Failing,	150 00
"	N ½	3	J. F. Miller,	225 00
"	S ½	2	J. S. Smith,	300 00
"	N ½	1	Thompson Morris,	208 00
"	N ½	1	Thos. Stephens,	216 00
"	34	4	A. P. Ankeny,	432 00
"		5	"	427 00
"		2	S. G. Reed,	409 00
"		1	D. W. Burnside,	419 00
"	35	4	P. J. McGowan,	614 00
"	Frac ¼	3	"	56 00
"	10	1	F. Dekum,	250 00
"	S ½	4	Jos. W Going,	178 00
"	N ½	4	Mrs. M. M. Myers,	177 00
"		5	R. Pittock,	404 00
"		8	"	413 00
"	9	1	F. Bickel,	208 00
"	N ½	1	"	192 00
"		4	W. P. Burk,	398 00
"	S ½	5	Geo. Bottler,	199 00
"	S ½	5	"	199 00
"	S ½	8	F. Bickel,	197 00
"	N ½	8	"	205 00
"	S ½	4	Geo. Bottler,	198 00
"		5	"	66 00
"	N ½	4	W. S. Ladd,	56 00
"		5	"	56 00
"	3	1	Couch & Flanders,	121 00
"	2	2	Geo. Marshall,	172 00
"	2	4	Couch & Flanders,	394 00
"		3	Allen & Lewis,	390 00
"		2	Couch & Flanders,	390 00
"		1	Allen & Lewis,	407 00
"	1	4	Couch & Flanders,	413 00
"		3	W. S. Ladd,	403 00
"		2	R. Perkins,	251 00
"		1	A. H. Johnson,	396 00
Central Block		14	B. Stark,	159 00
"		13	I. W. Gates,	156 00
"		12	A. P. Ankeny,	156 00
"		11	Jos. Hill,	156 00
"		10	J. W. Cook,	156 00
"		9	"	156 00
"		8	"	156 00
"		7	G. K. Dodge,	174 00
"		6	A. P. Ankeny,	174 00
"		5	"	184 00
"		4	J. W. Cook,	184 00
"		3	I. W. Gates,	174 00
"		2	A. P. Ankeny,	174 00
"		1	D. F. Harrington,	176 00
South 78 feet of Block East side of Front street, between Ash and Pine streets,			Ainsworth, Kamm, Reed and Thompson,	408 00
North 78 feet of Block East side of Front street between Ash and Pine streets,			Ainsworth, Kamm, Reed and Thompson,	664 00
Middle 41 feet of Block East side of Front between Ash and Pine streets,			Oregon Steam Navigation Company,	304 00

Published by order of the Common Council.

H. R. MEEKER,
Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland.
Portland, July 21st, 1866. dlit

Notice of Sale of REAL ESTATE, ETC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PROPerty hereinafter described will be sold at public auction at the premises on

Saturday, the 16th Day of June, 1866,

at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, for U. S. Gold Coin, Cash down on day of sale, to-wit:

Lot No. 4, in Block No. 5,

In the City of Portland, Or egon, and the

COURT HOUSE BUILDING

thereon situate, including the appurtenances and fixtures (excepting three iron cells in the Sheriff and Office and Court-Room Furniture). The iron cells are to be sold separately from other property.

ALSO,

ONE SHERWOOD'S PHŒNIX SAFE, Fire-Proof.
ONE TILTON & MCFARLAND'S do do.

Possession of said property to be given August 1st, 1866, reserving, however, the right of occupancy 30 or 60 days thereafter, paying a reasonable rent therefor.

By order of the County Court of Multnomah County, Oregon.

Witness my hand and Seal of said Court affixed (L.S.) this 13th day of April, 1866.

H. C. COULSON,
County Clerk.

Ordered that the sale of the property above described be and is postponed until

Saturday, July 7th, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M.

By order of County Court.

June 16, 1866. 16td H. C. COULSON, Clerk.

The sale of the property above described is postponed until Saturday, August 4th, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M. One half of purchase money, cash on day of sale, balance to be paid in six months, secured by mortgage on Real Estate with interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum.

By Order of County Court,

July 7, 1866. jy9td H. C. COULSON, Clerk

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county, in favor of J. N. Mitchell plaintiff, and against Marcus Neff, defendant, for the sum of two hundred and fifty-eight 18-100 dollars and interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, from the 19th day of February, 1866, costs, &c., I have this day levied on the following described real estate, situate in Multnomah county, State of Oregon, to-wit: Notification No. 60, certificate No. 1416 and claim No. 57, parts of sections 29 and 30, T. 1 N. R. 1 E., bounded as follows, beginning at the south-west corner of section 29, T. 1 N. R. 1 E.; thence E. 1518 chains; thence N. 5900 chains; thence N. 45° W. 2280; thence N. 375 chains; thence S. 149° 30' W. 5200; thence S. 41.50 chains; thence E. 36.92 chains to the place of beginning, containing 322.89 acres, and will proceed to sell the same at public auction to the highest bidder therefor, in front of the Court House door, in said State and county, on Tuesday, the 7th day of August, 1866, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., or so much thereof as will satisfy the above execution and costs.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff Multnomah Co., Ogn.
Portland, July 9, 1866.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two executions to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court of Multnomah county, in favor of Lent and Marsh and John C. Carson and Robert Porter, plaintiffs, and against Moses Hurd, defendant, I have this 9th day of July, A. D. 1866, levied on the following described real estate of the said Moses Hurd, in Multnomah county and State of Oregon, known and described as Blocks No. 96 and 97 in the town of East Portland, and on Tuesday the 7th day of August, 1866, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., I will expose the same to sale at public auction in front of the Court House door, in Multnomah county, and will sell so much thereof as will satisfy the above execution and costs, amounting to the sum of one hundred dollars in gold coin, and the further sum of sixty-three and twenty-seven one-hundredth dollars in currency, with accruing costs.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah County, Oregon.
Portland, July 9, 1866. Tutd

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, issued out of the County Court for the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, in favor of Robert Nelson, plaintiff and against Henry Neaves, defendant, I have this 9th day of July, 1866, levied on all of the defendant's interest in and to lots 3 and 4 in block No. 128, in the city of Portland in Multnomah County, Oregon, and will expose the same at public auction to the highest bidder in front of the court house door, in Multnomah county, on Tuesday, the 7th day of August, A. D. 1866, and will sell so much thereof as will satisfy the above execution and costs, amounting to one hundred dollars and interest from the 19th day of April, 1865, at the rate of two per cent. per month, costs, &c.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah county, Oregon.
Portland, July 9, 1866. Tutd

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Multnomah, to me directed, in favor of Julia Friedman and against Herman Friedman, amounting to one hundred dollars and costs, I have this 24th day of July, 1866, levied on, and on Friday, the 24th day of August, 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., in front of the Court House door, in the city of Portland, in Multnomah county, State of Oregon, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder therefor, will sell that building situate on Lot No. 2, in Block No. 10, in the city of Portland, in Multnomah county, State of Oregon, known as Friedman's Butcher Shop.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah county, Oregon.
By F. M. ARNOLD, Deputy.
Portland, July 24, 1866. td.

For Sale.

A BOILER OF FOUR HORSE CAPACITY: IT IS five feet long, 18 inches diameter, contains 14 inch and a half tubes, and is made of the best quality of iron. It has been in use but a short time. Apply at ORMONDAY Office.

Medical.

"CONSTITUTION" WATER,

THE ONLY REMEDY FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLADDER, KIDNEYS,

Gravel, Dropsical Swellings,

GENITAL DEBILITY, ETC.

THE ASTONISHING SUCCESS WHICH HAS AT tended this invaluable medicine renders it the less valuable one ever discovered. No language can convey an adequate idea of the immediate and almost miraculous change which it occasions in the debilitated and shattered system. In fact, it stands unrivalled as a remedy for the permanent cure of the maladies above-mentioned, and also—

DIABETES, IMPOTENCY,
LOSS OF MUSCULAR ENERGY,
PHYSICAL PROSTRATION,
INDIGESTION,
SEMINAL WEAKNESS,
GLEET, FLUOR ALBUS,

And in every disease may way connected with the disorder or decay of the PROCREATIVE FUNCTIONS. Persons about to marry, if conscious of any weakness, should take the

CONSTITUTION WATER,

Whether broken down by excess, weak by nature, or impaired by sickness, the unstrung and relaxed organization is at once refreshed, revivified and built up. Well may this celebrated medicine be called the

MEDICAL WONDER.

The stooping, trembling victim of depression and debility becomes a new man, he stands erect, he moves with a firm step; his mind, which was previously sunk in gloom of an almost libidic apathy, becomes bright and active, and he goes forth regenerated, conscious of new vigor.—The medicine reaches the CONSTITUTION itself, and restores it to its normal condition.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER,
INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, AND
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER,
STRANGURY OR RETENTION,
ING, OR PAINFUL
URINATING,
CALCULUS, GRAVEL,
BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS
OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms. TRY IT in these cases, and you will ever give praise to

CONSTITUTION WATER.

Males or Females,

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back, and through your hips? CONSTITUTION WATER will relieve you like magic.

Dr. W. H. GREGG, Proprietor,
MORGAN & ALLEN,
General Agents, New York,

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
Agents for the Pacific Coast,
401 and 403 Battery st., corner Clay, San Francisco,

SOLD BY
HODGE, CALEF & CO., SMITH & DAVIS,
W. WEATHERFORD,
And all Druggists. jul7

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP,

COMPOSED OF

IODIDE POTASSIUM.

With the Compound Concentrated Fluid Extract of Lungwort Augustine Root, Abcess Root, Blood Root, Cancer Root, Fever Root, Canker Weed, Consumption Plant, Gravel Plant, Life Root, Liverwort, Nervine Root, Pleurisy Root, Sassafras Root, Scurvy Grass Root, Scrofula Plant, Rattlesnake Root, Squaw Root, Wa-a-hoo Bark, Wintergreen, the whole scientifically prepared, and containing the full virtue of all the ingredients united in an elegant Syrup, that possesses a wonderful power in the cure of diseases.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

A positive and specific remedy for all diseases originating from an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, and for all (hereditary) DISEASES transmitted from PARENT TO CHILD.

Paralysis.

Hemiplegia, Paresis, Paraplegia, Paralysis, Agitans.

Dyspepsia.

Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Weight at Stomach, Biliousness, Want of Appetite, Flatulence, Bad Breath.

Scrofula

Strama, Glandular, Swellings, Ulceration, King's Evil, Erysipelatey Salt Rheum.

Rheumatism.

(Arthritis) Neuralgia, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatic, Tic Doloureux.

Nervousness.

Nervous Debility, Confusion of Thoughts, Epilepsy, Loss of Power, Shattered Nerves, St. Vitus' Dance.

Mercurial Diseases.

Salivation, Feeling of Weariness, Rotting of Bones, Bad Complexion, Aches in Bones, Depressed Spirits. Constitution Life Syrup purges the system entirely of all the evil effects of Mercury, removing the Bad Breath, and curing the Weak Joints and Rheumatic Pains which the use of Calomel is sure to produce. Ulcerous Spongy Gums and secures the teeth as firmly as ever.

Constitution Life Syrup

Eradicates, root and branch, all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, like

Ulcers, Pimples, Blotches,

And all other difficulties of the kind, which so much disfigure the outward appearance of both males and females, and often making them a disgusting object to themselves and their friends.

Constitution Life Syrup

CURES ALL SWELLING OF THE GLANDS, either of the Face, Neck, or Female Breast.

As a general Blood-Purifying Agent, the Life Syrup stands unrivalled by any pre